



IMPORTANT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE
 Please complete this information and retain this manual for the life of the equipment:
 Model #: _____
 Serial #: _____
 Date Purchased: _____

OPERATOR'S MANUAL

G-Series, SL-Series & B-Series GAS CONVECTION OVENS

G-Series Models

GS/15SC
 GS/15CCH
 GS/25SC
 GS/25CCH
 GB/15SC
 GB/15CCH
 GB/25SC
 GB/25CCH

SL-Series Models

SLGS/12SC
 SLGS/12CCH
 SLGS/22SC
 SLGS/22CCH
 SLGB/12SC
 SLGB/12CCH
 SLGB/22SC
 SLGB/22CCH

B-Series Models

BGS/12CCH
 BGS/12SC
 BGS/22CCH
 BGS/22SC



Model GS/15SC



Model GS/25SC

! WARNING
 Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the installation, operating and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

1100 Old Honeycutt Road, Fuquay-Varina, NC 27526
www.southbendnc.com

MANUAL 1181887 REV 5
 \$21.00



GAS CONVECTION OVENS
 MANUAL SECTION CO

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Before installing and operating this equipment, be sure everyone involved in its operation is fully trained and aware of precautions. Accidents and problems can be caused by failure to follow fundamental rules and precautions.

The following symbols, found throughout this manual, alert you to potentially dangerous conditions to the operator, service personnel, or to the equipment.



DANGER

This symbol warns of immediate hazards which will result in severe injury or death.



WARNING

This symbol refers to a potential hazard or unsafe practice which could result in injury or death.



CAUTION

This symbol refers to a potential hazard or unsafe practice which could result in injury, product damage, or property damage.

NOTICE

This symbol refers to information that needs special attention or must be fully understood, even though not dangerous.

 **WARNING**
FIRE HAZARD
FOR YOUR SAFETY

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

Keep area around appliances free and clear of combustibles.

Purchaser of equipment must post in a prominent location detailed instructions to be followed in the event the operator smells gas. Obtain the instructions from the local gas supplier.

 **WARNING**

Asphyxiation can result from improper ventilation. Do not obstruct the flow of combustion and ventilation air to and from your cooking equipment.

NOTICE

Be sure this Operator's Manual and important papers are given to the proper authority to retain for future reference.

NOTICE

This product is intended for commercial use only. NOT FOR HOUSEHOLD USE.

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Congratulations! You have purchased one of the finest pieces of heavy-duty commercial cooking equipment on the market.

You will find that your new equipment, like all Southbend equipment, has been designed and manufactured to meet the toughest standards in the industry. Each piece of Southbend equipment is carefully engineered and designs are verified through laboratory tests and field installations. With proper care and field maintenance, you will experience years of reliable, trouble-free operation. **For best results, read this manual carefully.**

RETAIN THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

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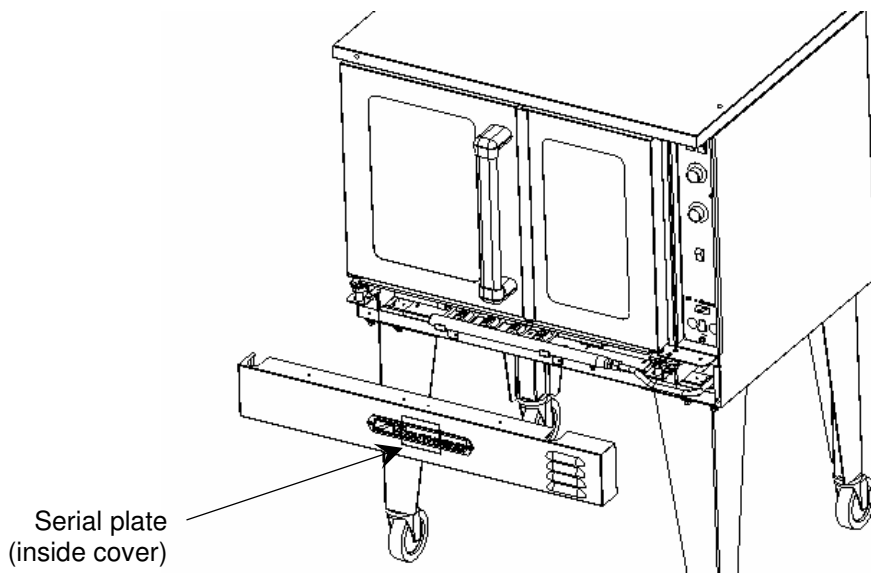
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Read these instructions carefully before attempting installation. Installation and initial startup should be performed by a qualified installer. Unless the installation instructions for this product are followed by a qualified service technician (a person experienced in and knowledgeable with the installation of commercial gas an/or electric cooking equipment) then the terms and conditions on the Manufacturer's Limited Warranty will be rendered void and no warranty of any kind shall apply.

In the event you have questions concerning the installation, use, care, or service of the product, write to:

Southbend
1100 Old Honeycutt Road
Fuquay-Varina, North Carolina 27526 USA

The serial plate is located on the interior side of the lower front panel, as shown below.





SPECIFICATIONS

NOTICE

Local codes regarding installation vary greatly from one area to another. The National Fire Protection Association, Inc. states in its NFPA 96 latest edition that local codes are the “authority having jurisdiction” when it comes to installation requirements for equipment. Therefore, installations should comply with all local codes.

Southbend reserves the right to change specifications and product design without notice. Such revisions do not entitle the buyer to corresponding changes, additions, or replacements for previously purchased equipment.

This product is intended for commercial use only, not for household use.

The installation must conform with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1, Natural Gas Installation Code, CAN/CGA-B149.1*, or the *Propane Installation Code CAN/CGA-B149.2*, as applicable, including:

1. The appliance and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psi (3.45 kPa).
2. The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psi (3.45 kPa).

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

Convection ovens require connection to a supply of electricity. The appliance, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the *National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70*, or the *Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.2*, as applicable. An electrical diagram is located on the side of the control panel assembly (see drawing on page 38). Electrical diagrams can also be found in this manual beginning on page 40.

Power Option	Power Type	# of Ovens	Maximum Amps
120/60/1	120 Volts, 60 Hz, Single Phase	Single-Deck	7.9
		Double-Deck	15.8
208/60/1or3	190-219 Volts, 60 Hz, Single or Three Phase	Single-Deck	4.3
		Double-Deck	8.6
240/60/1or3	220-240 Volts, 60 Hz, Single or Three Phase	Single-Deck	3.8
		Double-Deck	7.5
240/50/1or3	208-240 Volts, 50 Hz, Single or Three Phase	Single-Deck	6.0
		Double-Deck	12.0

Ovens ordered with the 120V power option are equipped with one or two power cords with a standard 120V single-phase plug with a ground prong. Single-deck ovens will have one power cord; double-deck ovens will have two.

Ovens with other power options have a terminal block on the rear of the oven that must be wired to the power supply. Depending on how the power supply is connected to the terminal block, the oven can operate on either single-phase or three-phase power.



GAS SUPPLY

The serial plate is located inside the lower front panel. It indicates the type of gas the unit is equipped to burn. All Southbend equipment is adjusted at the factory. Check type of gas on serial plate.

These models are design-certified for operation on natural or propane gases. For natural gas, the regulator is set to deliver a 4.5" W.C. pressure to the manifold. For propane gas, it is set to deliver 11" W.C.

If applicable, the vent line from the gas appliance pressure regulator shall be installed to the outdoors in accordance with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1, Natural Gas Installation Code, CAN/CGA-B149.1*, or the *Propane Installation Code CAN/CGA-B149.2*, as applicable.

This appliance should be connected **ONLY** to the type of gas for which it is equipped.

A 3/4" NPT line is provided at the rear for the gas connection. An adequate gas supply is imperative. Undersized or low pressure lines will restrict the volume of gas required for satisfactory performance. Fluctuations of more than 25% on natural gas or 10% on propane gas will create problems and affect burner operating characteristics.

An adequate gas supply line to the unit should be no smaller than the inside diameter of the pipe from the unit to which it is connected.

Purge the supply line to clean out dust, dirt, or other foreign matter before connecting the line to the unit.

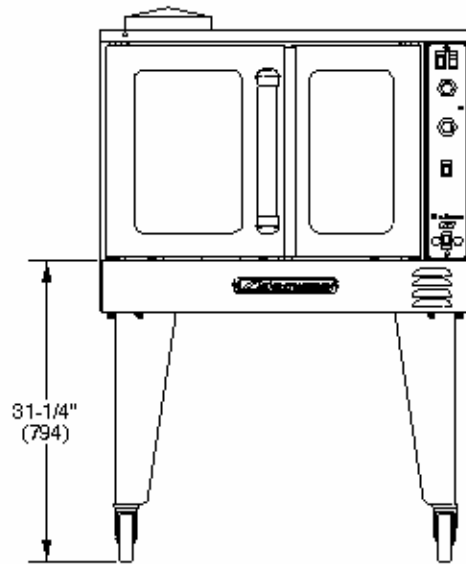
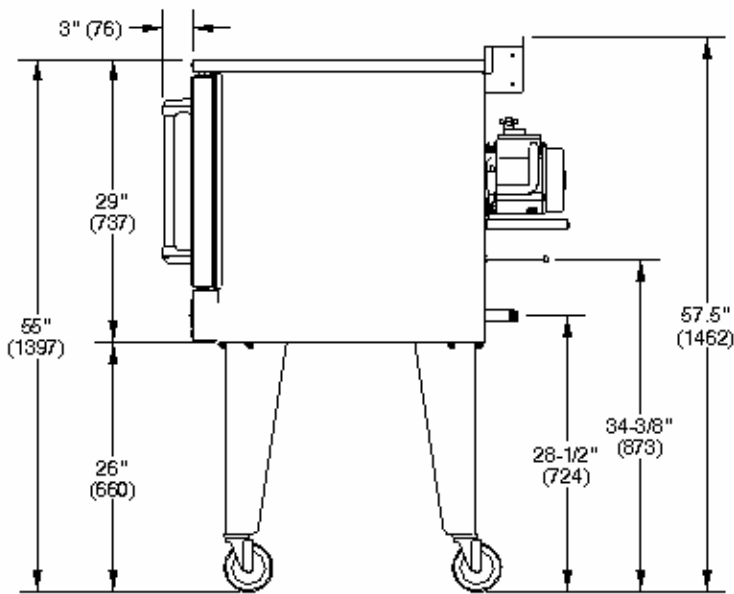
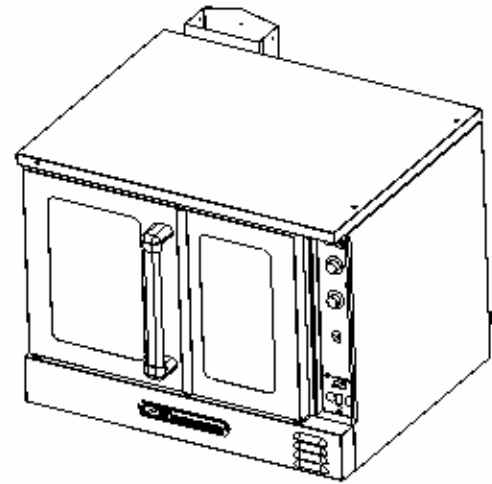
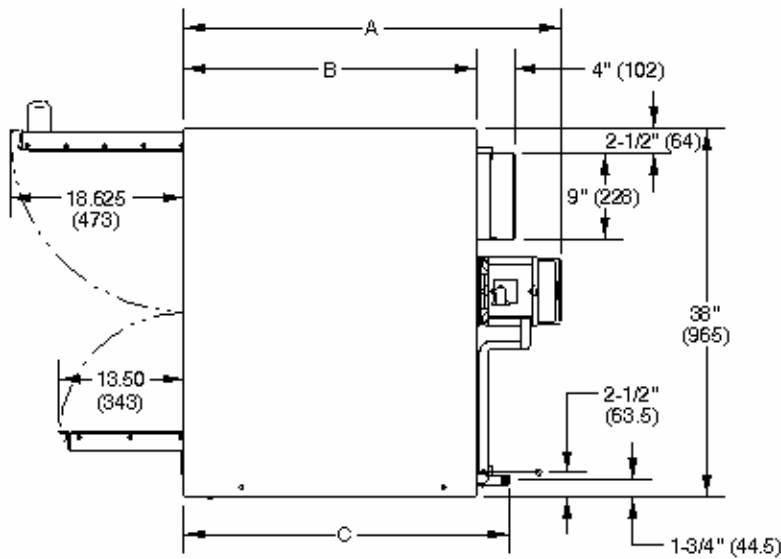
All pipe joints and connections must be tested thoroughly for gas leaks. Use only soapy water for testing on all gases. **NEVER** use an open flame to check for gas leaks. All connections must be checked for leaks after the unit has been put into operation. Test pressure should not exceed 1/4" W.C.

Model Number	# of Ovens	Oven Depth	Type of Gas	Orifice Size	# of Burners	Total BTU
SLGS/12... SLGB/12...	Single-Deck	Shallow	Propane	55	4 @ 18,000 BTU	72,000
SLGS/12... SLGB/12...	Single-Deck	Shallow	Natural Gas	47	4 @ 18,000 BTU	72,000
GS/15... GB/15...	Single-Deck	Bakery	Propane	55	5 @ 18,000 BTU	90,000
GS/15... GB/15...	Single-Deck	Bakery	Natural Gas	47	5 @ 18,000 BTU	90,000
SLGS/22... SLGB/22...	Double-Deck	Shallow	Propane	55	8 @ 18,000 BTU	144,000
SLGS/22... SLGB/22...	Double-Deck	Shallow	Natural Gas	47	8 @ 18,000 BTU	144,000
GS/25... GB/25...	Double-Deck	Bakery	Propane	55	10 @ 18,000 BTU	180,000
GS/25... GB/25...	Double-Deck	Bakery	Natural Gas	47	10 @ 18,000 BTU	180,000
BGS/12SC...	Single-Deck	Shallow	Propane	55	3 @ 18,000 BTU	54,000
BGS/12SC...	Single-Deck	Shallow	Natural Gas	47	3 @ 18,000 BTU	54,000
BGS/22SC...	Double-Deck	Shallow	Propane	55	6 @ 18,000 BTU	108,000
BGS/22SC...	Double-Deck	Shallow	Natural Gas	47	6 @ 18,000 BTU	108,000

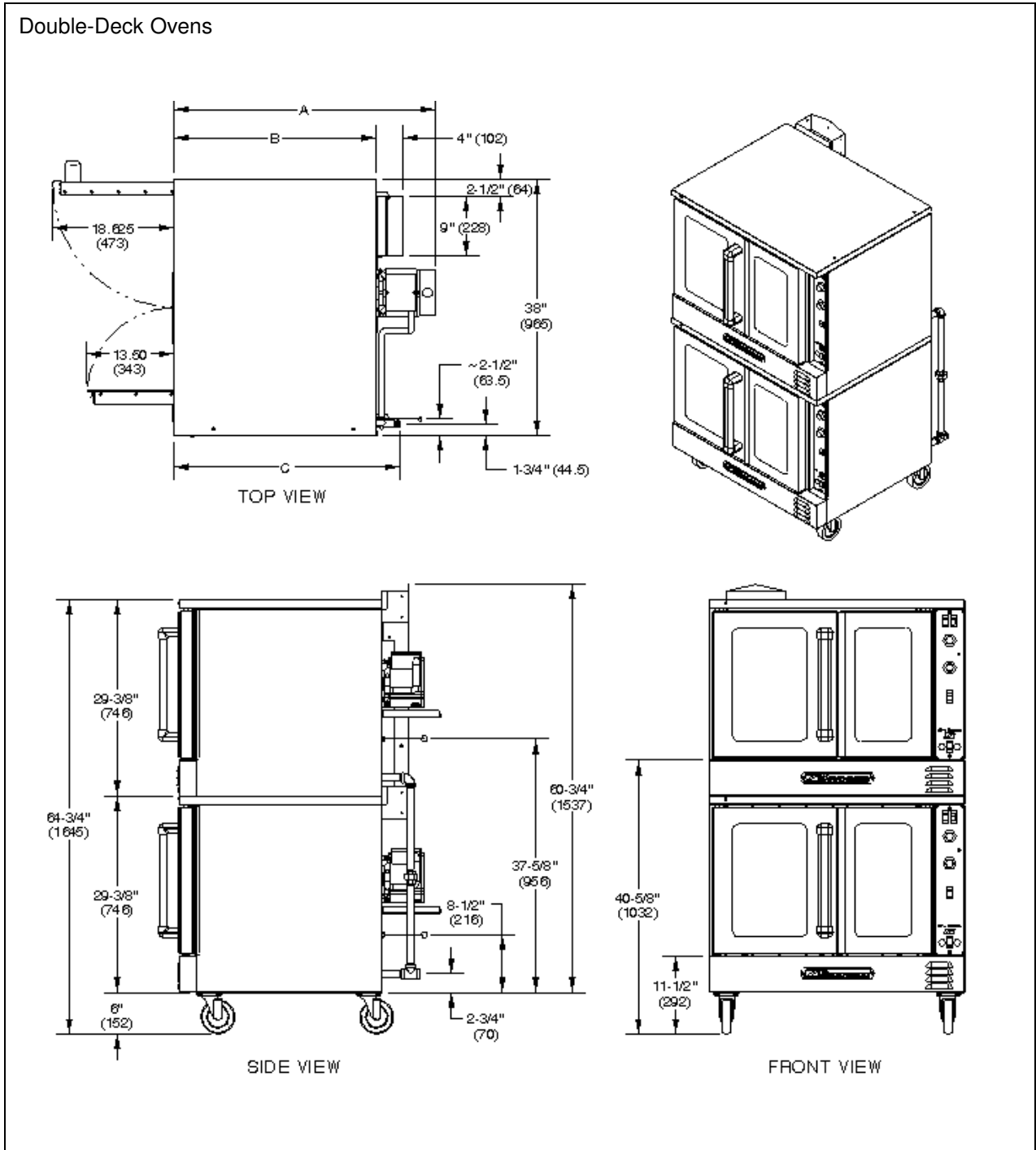


EXTERIOR DIMENSIONS

Single-Deck Ovens



Model Number	Depth Dimensions			Oven Interior			Rack Clearance		Shipping Crate				
	A	B	C	width	depth	height	width	depth	width	depth	height	volume	weight
GS/1... SLGS/1... BGS/1...	38.5"	30"	34.375"	29"	22.5"	20"	28.25"	22"	55"	45.5"	45"	65.17 cu. ft.	620 lbs.
GB1... SLGB/1...	45"	36.375"	40.75"	29"	28"	20"	28.25"	27.25"	55"	45.5"	45"	65.17 cu. ft.	690 lbs.



Model Number	Depth Dimensions			Oven Interior			Rack Clearance		Shipping Crate				
	A	B	C	width	depth	height	width	depth	width	depth	height	volume	weight
GS/2... SLGS/2... BGS/2...	38.75"	30"	34.375"	29"	22.5"	20"	28.25"	22"	55"	45.5"	81.5"	118 cu. ft.	1040 lbs.
GS/2... SLGS/2...	45.125"	36.375"	40.75"	29"	29"	20"	28.25"	27.25"	55"	45.5"	81.5"	118 cu. ft.	1080 lbs.



MINIMUM CLEARANCES

! WARNING

There must be adequate clearance between the left side of the ovens and combustible construction.

	Minimum Clearance from Combustible Construction	Minimum Clearance from Non-Combustible Construction
Back	0"	0"
Right Side	0"	0"
Left Side	2"	0"
Floor	0"	0"

Adequate clearance must be provided in the aisle to allow the doors to open sufficiently to permit the removal of the racks and for serviceability.

Although no clearance is required behind the motor on the rear of the oven, care must be taken to provide adequate air circulation to prevent the motor from overheating.

Do not locate the oven adjacent to any high heat or grease-producing piece of equipment, such as a range top, griddle, fryer, etc., that could allow radiant heat to raise the exterior temperature of the oven above 130°F (54°C). DO NOT MOUNT ABOVE OTHER COOKING EQUIPMENT.

VENTILATION

! WARNING

Improper ventilation can result in personal injury or death. Ventilation which fails to properly remove flue products can cause headaches, drowsiness, nausea, or could result in death.

All units must be installed in such a manner that the flow of combustion and ventilation air are not obstructed. Provisions for adequate air supply must be provided. Do not obstruct the front or rear of the unit as combustion air enters through these areas.

Be sure to inspect and clean the ventilation system according to the ventilation equipment manufacturer's instructions.

NOTICE

Proper ventilation is the owner's responsibility. Any problem due to improper ventilation will not be covered by the warranty.

If a ventilation canopy is used, it is recommended that a canopy extend 6" past the appliance and that the bottom edge be located 6'6" from the floor. Filters should be installed at an angle of 45° or more from the horizontal. This position prevents dripping grease and facilitates collecting the run-off grease in a drip pan, unusually installed with a filter.

If an exhaust fan is used, it should be installed at least 2" above the flue opening at the top of the unit. A strong exhaust fan tends to create a vacuum in the room and may interfere with burner performance. Fresh air openings approximately equal to the fan area will relieve such a vacuum. In case of unsatisfactory performance on any appliance, check the appliance with the exhaust fan in the "OFF" position. Do this only long enough to check equipment performance. Then turn the exhaust fan back on and let it run to remove any exhaust that may have accumulated during the test.

If the oven flue is connected directly to an outside flue, a CSA International design certified down draft diverter must be installed at the flue outlet of the oven and connected to the outside flue.



INSTALLATION

NOTICE

These installation procedures must be followed by qualified personnel or warranty will be void.

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1. The appliance and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psi (3.45 kPa).
2. The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psi (3.45 kPa).

Step 1: Unpacking

IMMEDIATELY INSPECT FOR SHIPPING DAMAGE

All containers should be examined for damage before and during unloading. The freight carrier has assumed responsibility for its safe transit and delivery. If damaged equipment is received, either apparent or concealed, a claim must be made with the delivering carrier.

Apparent damage or loss must be noted on the freight bill at the time of delivery. The freight bill must then be signed by the carrier representative (Driver). If the bill is not signed, the carrier may refuse the claim. The carrier can supply the necessary forms.

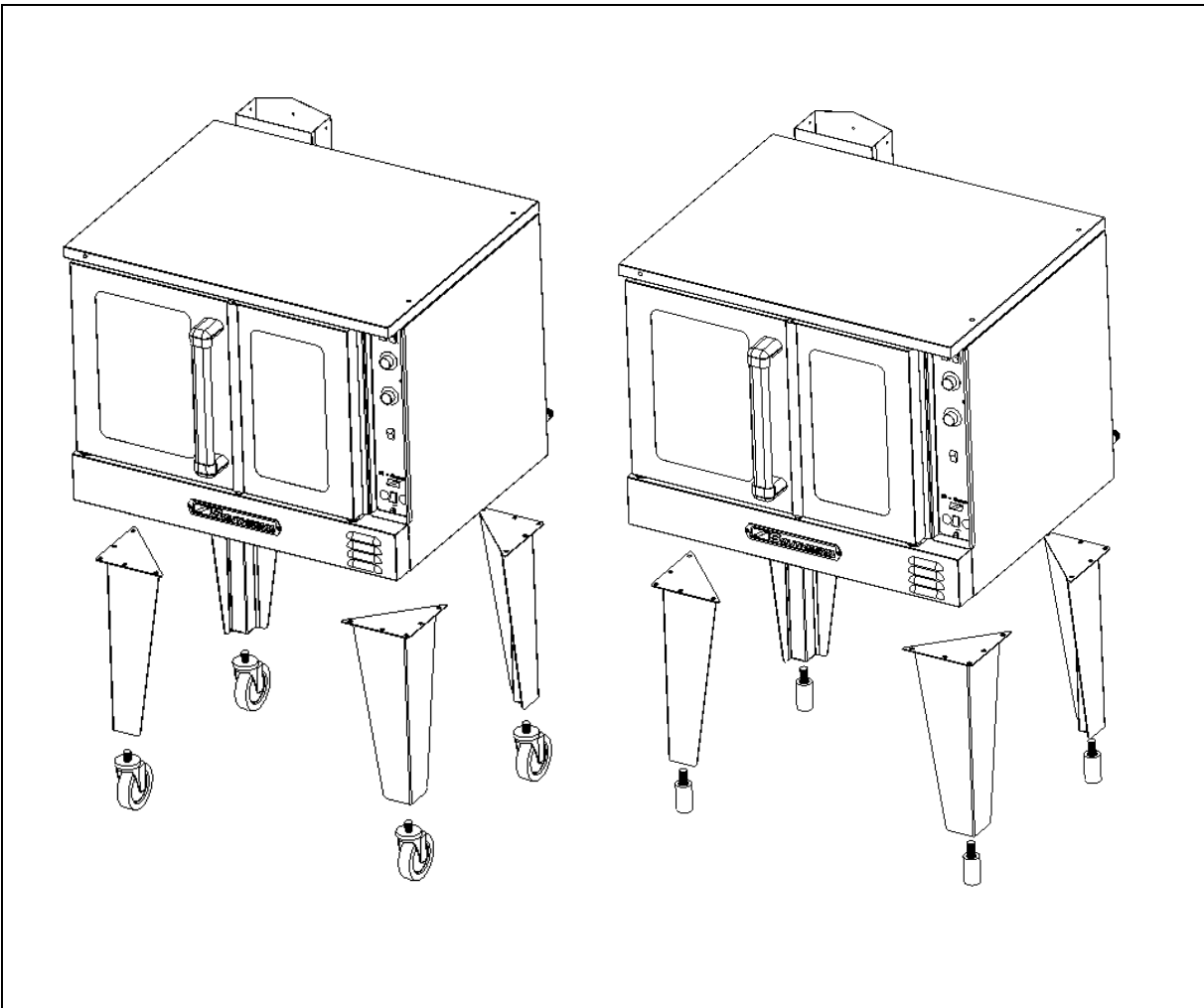
A request for inspection must be made to the carrier within 15 days if there is concealed damage or loss that is not apparent until after the equipment is uncrated. The carrier should arrange an inspection. Be certain to hold all contents plus all packing material.

1. Cut banding straps and remove packing material.
2. Cut banding strap holding oven to wooden skid.
3. If you are installing a single-deck oven, go to Step 2a.
If you are installing a double-deck oven, go to Step 2b.



Step 2a: Installation of Legs on Single-Deck Ovens

1. Raise oven sufficiently to allow clearance for the legs to be attached. Use of a lift truck or other mechanical lifting means is recommended. For safety, “shore up” and support the oven with an adequate blocking arrangement strong enough to support the load. (If it is absolutely necessary to rest the oven on its side, rest it on its left side or back side. Take care to protect the finish on the left side, and to prevent the weight from resting on the motor on the back.)
2. Attach the legs to the bottom corners of the oven using the provided machine screws, flat washers, and lock washers. Each leg is secured by five screws. The mounting holes are pre-drilled and threaded.
3. Screw into the bottom of each leg either an adjustable foot or a caster (depending on which option was ordered). If attaching casters, the two casters with brakes should be attached to the front legs.
4. Lower the oven gently onto a level surface. Never drop or allow the oven to fall.
5. Use a level to make sure that the oven is level. The adjustable feet can be screwed in or out to lower or raise each corner of the oven.
6. If casters were installed, go to Installation Step 3 on page 12, otherwise go to Step 4 on page 13.

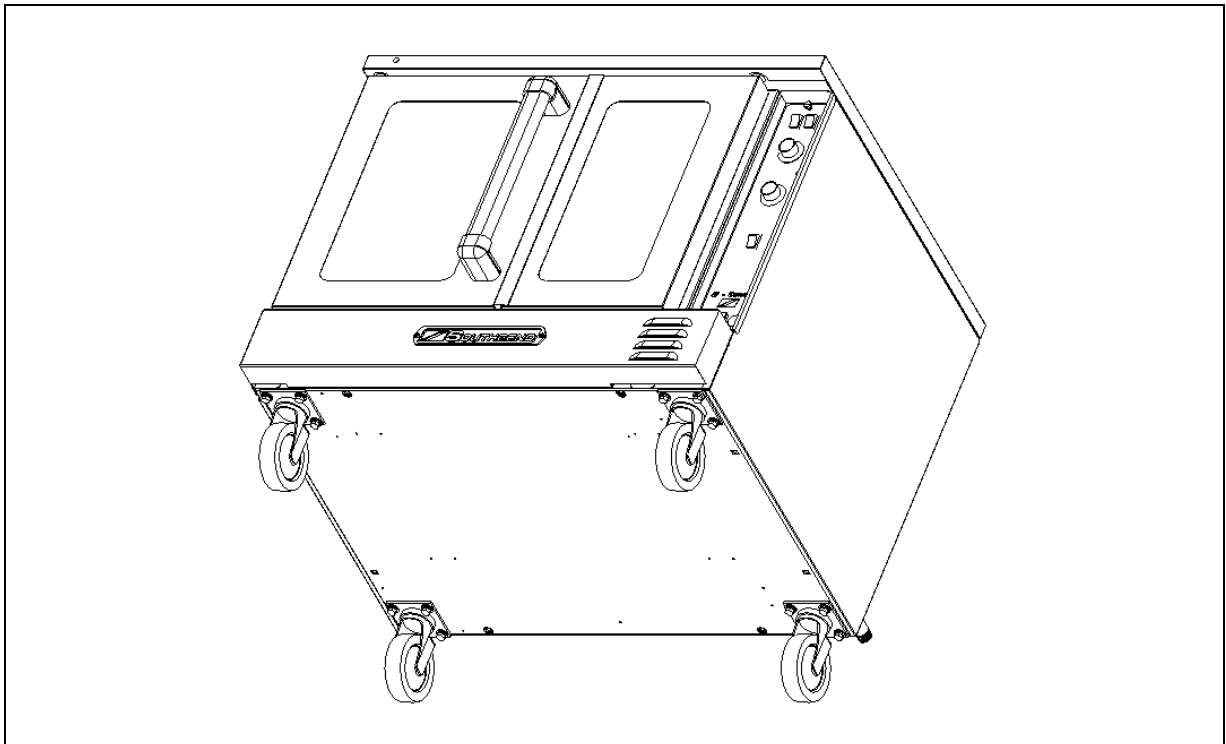




Step 2b: Installation of Legs on Double-Deck Ovens

Double-deck oven can be shipped either already bolted together, or as two separate ovens to be bolted together after delivery. In either case, the oven that is (or will be) the lower oven will have leg pads already bolted to the bottom corners of the oven. Do the following:

1. Raise oven sufficiently to allow clearance for the legs to be attached. Use of a lift truck or other mechanical lifting means is recommended. For safety, "shore up" and support the oven with an adequate blocking arrangement strong enough to support the load. (If it is absolutely necessary to rest the oven on its side, rest it on its left side or back side. Take care to protect the finish on the left side, and to prevent the weight from resting on the motor on the back.)
2. Screw into the center of each leg pad either an adjustable leg or a caster (depending on which option was ordered). If attaching casters, the two casters with brakes should be attached to the front leg pads.
3. Lower the oven gently onto a level surface. Never drop or allow the oven to fall.
4. Use a level to make sure that the oven is level. The adjustable legs can be screwed in or out to lower or raise each corner of the oven.
5. If casters were installed, go to Installation Step 3 on page 12, otherwise go to Step 4 on page 13.





Step 3: Installation of Restraint (Only for Ovens with Casters)

NOTICE

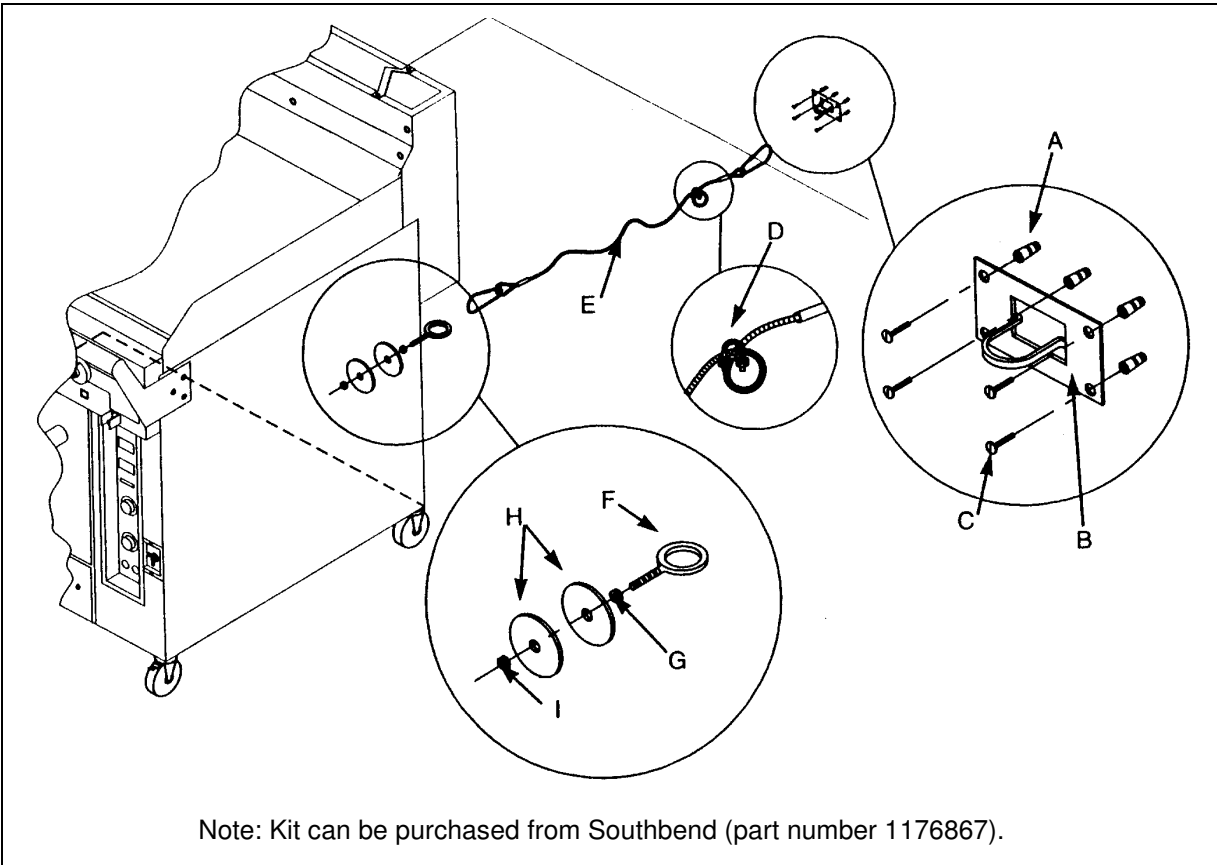
For an appliance equipped with casters, (1) the installation shall be made with a connector that complies with the *Standard for Connectors for Movable Gas Appliances, ANSI Z21.69* or *Connectors for Moveable Gas Appliances, CAN/CGA-6.16*, and a quick-disconnect device that complies with the *Standard for Quick-Disconnect Devices for Use With Gas Fuel, ANSI Z21.41*, or *Quick Disconnect Devices for Use with Gas Fuel, CAN1-6.9*, (2) adequate means must be provided to limit the movement of the appliance without depending on the connector and the quick-disconnect device or its associated piping to limit the appliance movement and (3) the restraining means should be attached to a frame member on the back of the unit.

! WARNING

To avoid accidental gas disconnection and potential explosion:

If disconnection of this restraint is necessary to move the appliance for cleaning, etc., reconnect it when the appliance is moved to its originally installed position.

1. Secure the restraining-device bracket (item "B" in the following illustration) to a wall stud located as close as possible to the appliance connector inlet and outlet connections. Use four #12 screws (items "C") and plastic anchors (items "A") if necessary.





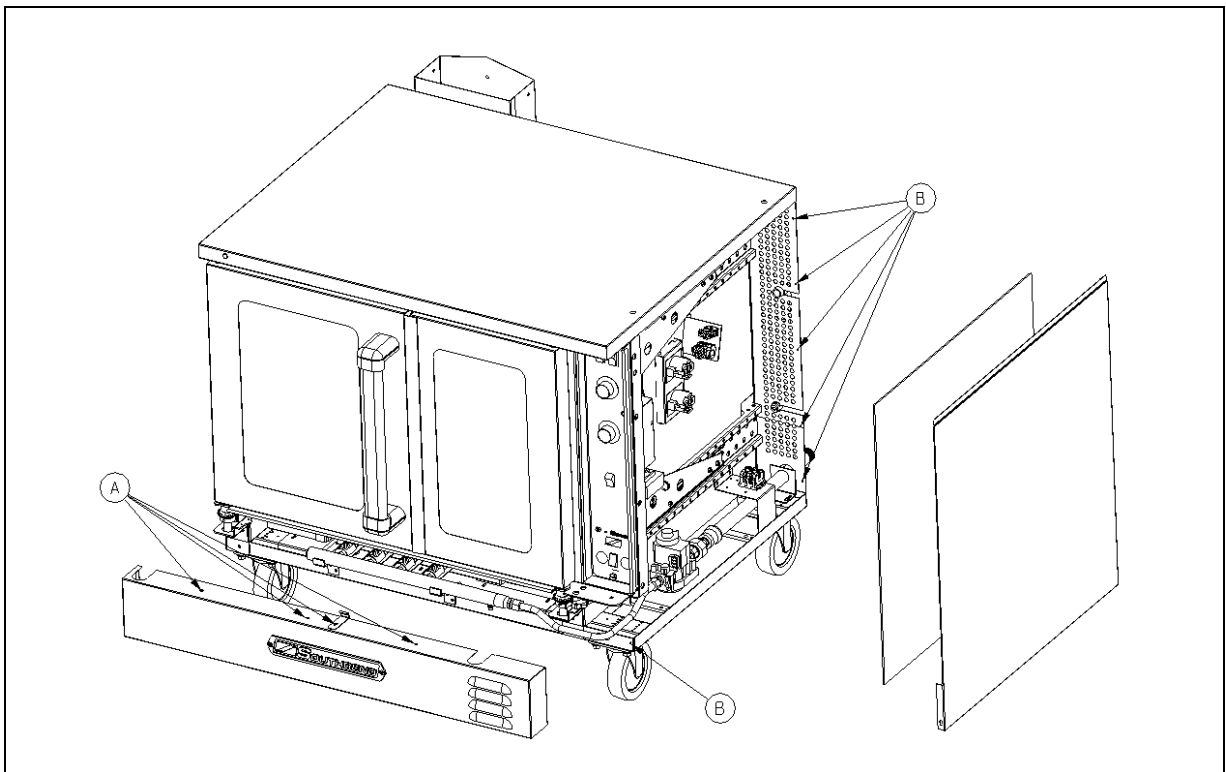
2. Install eye-bolt (item "F") to a frame member on the rear of the equipment. After checking carefully behind the frame member for adequate clearance, drill a 1/4" hole through the frame member.
3. Thread hex nut (item "G") and slide the washer (item "H") onto the eye-bolt. Insert the eye-bolt through the 1/4" drilled hole and secure with a washer (item "H") and nylon lock nut (item "I").
4. Using the spring-loaded snap hooks, attach the restraining device to the bracket and the eye-bolt.
5. Using the cable clamp (item "D"), adjust the restraining device extended length to prevent over-bending or kinking of the appliance connector.

For units not equipped with flame safety devices, be sure all valves are turned off prior to disconnecting. After reconnecting, be sure that the oven is switched OFF.

Step 4: Stack Double-Deck Oven (if necessary)

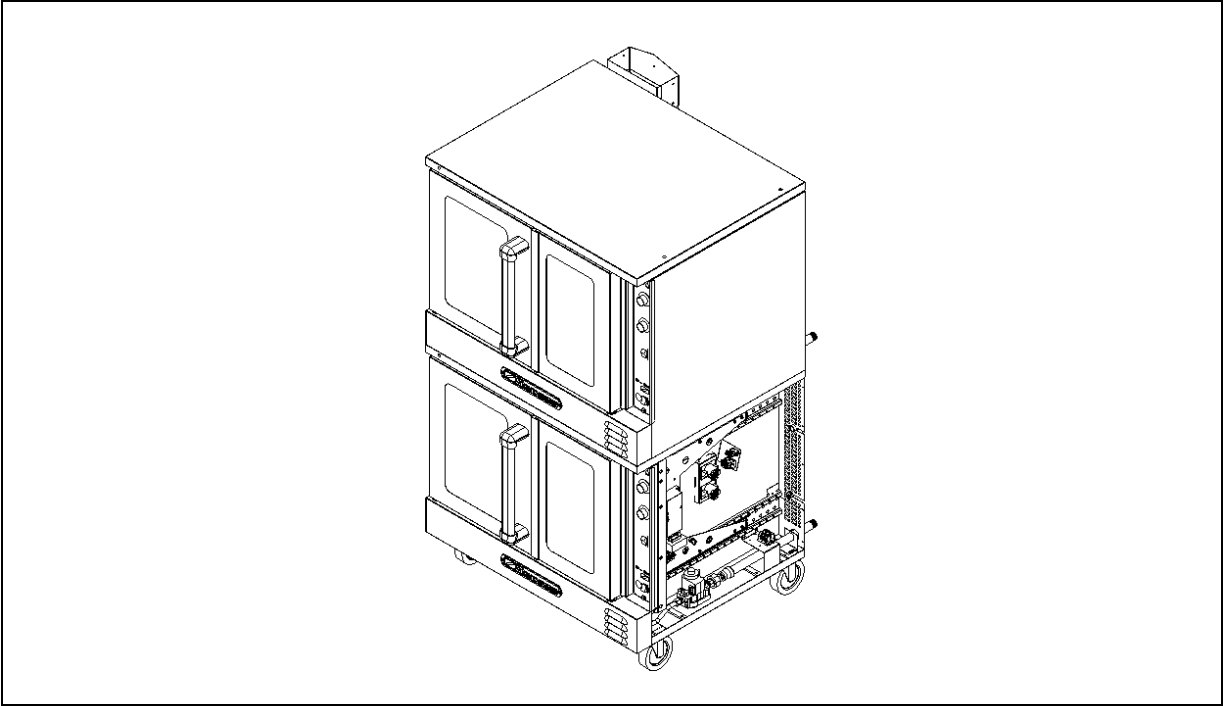
Double-deck ovens can be shipped already assembled, but can instead be shipped as two single-deck ovens to be stacked in the field. Also, ovens that were originally ordered as single ovens can be stacked in the field (additional parts are required). This installation step describes the procedure for stacking two single-deck ovens to form a double-deck oven.

1. Uncrate the two ovens. Identify the oven that will be the lower oven (it will be the oven with leg pads attached to the bottom corners). Attach the legs (or casters) to the lower oven as described in Step 2c on page 11.
2. If the oven that will be the top oven was NOT ordered as part of a double-deck oven, remove the four leg pads from the bottom of the top oven.
3. Locate and remove the four screws that secure the lower front panel (items "A" in the drawing below). Lift up the panel and pull it forward to remove it, then set it aside.
4. Locate and remove the six screws that secure the right side panel to the oven (items "B" in the drawing below). Remove the right side panel and insulation and set them aside.

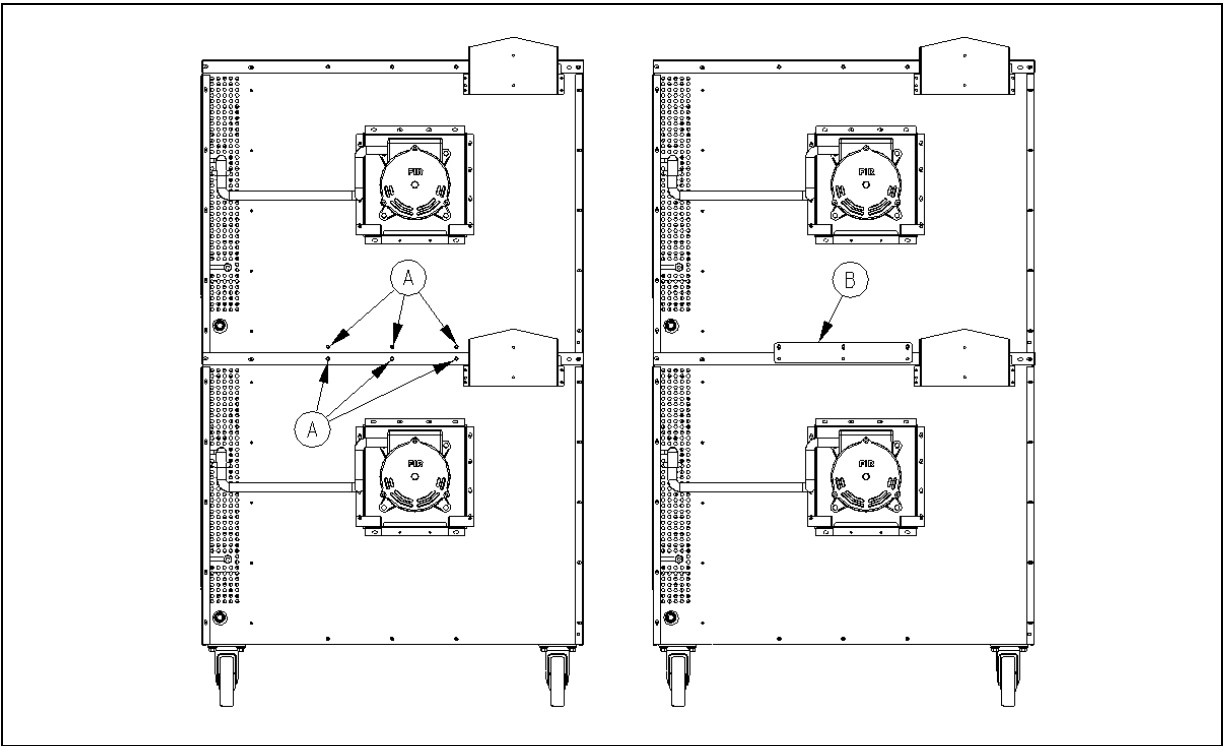




5. Lift the top oven and position it on top of the lower oven, as shown in the drawing below.

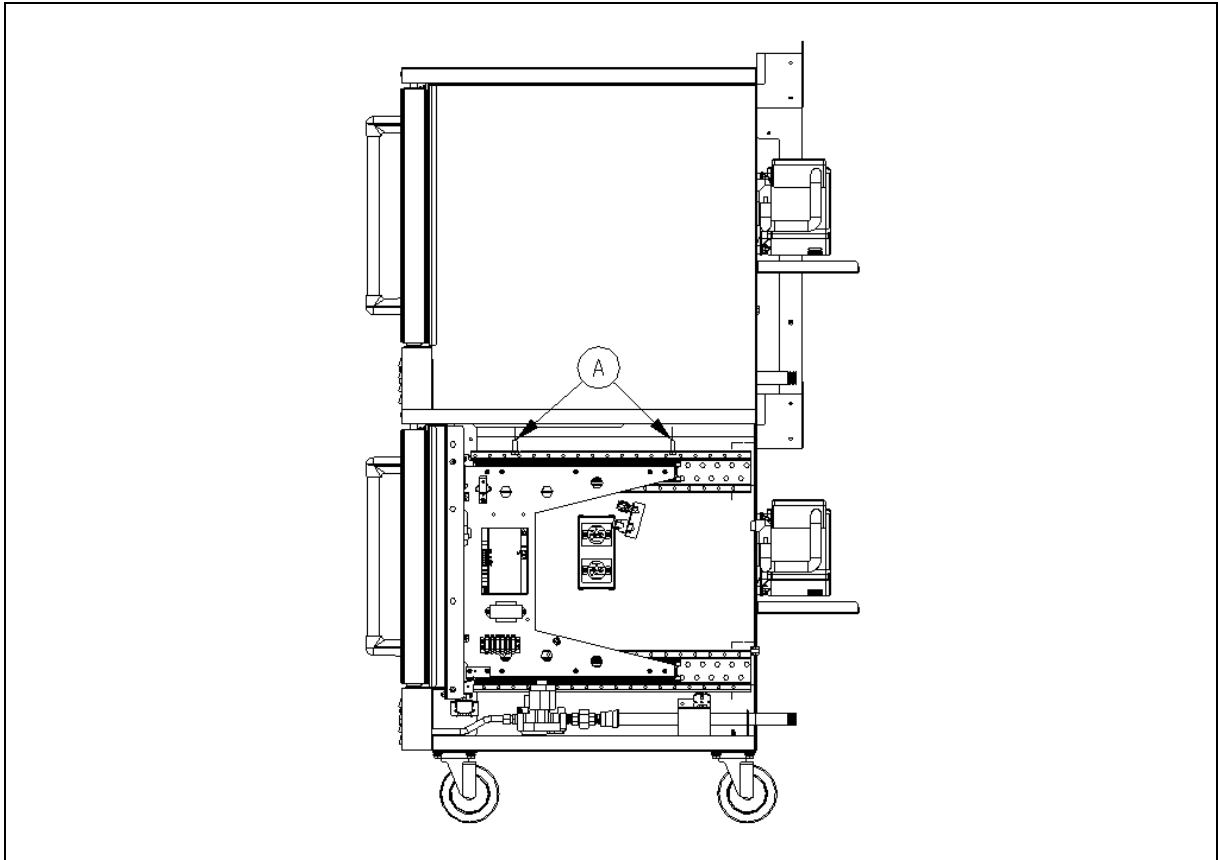


6. Move to the rear of the ovens and remove the six screws shown as items "A" in the left-hand drawing below. Position the tie bracket (item "B") as shown in the right-hand drawing below. Re-insert the screws that you just removed through the holes in the tie bracket, but do not tighten them yet.



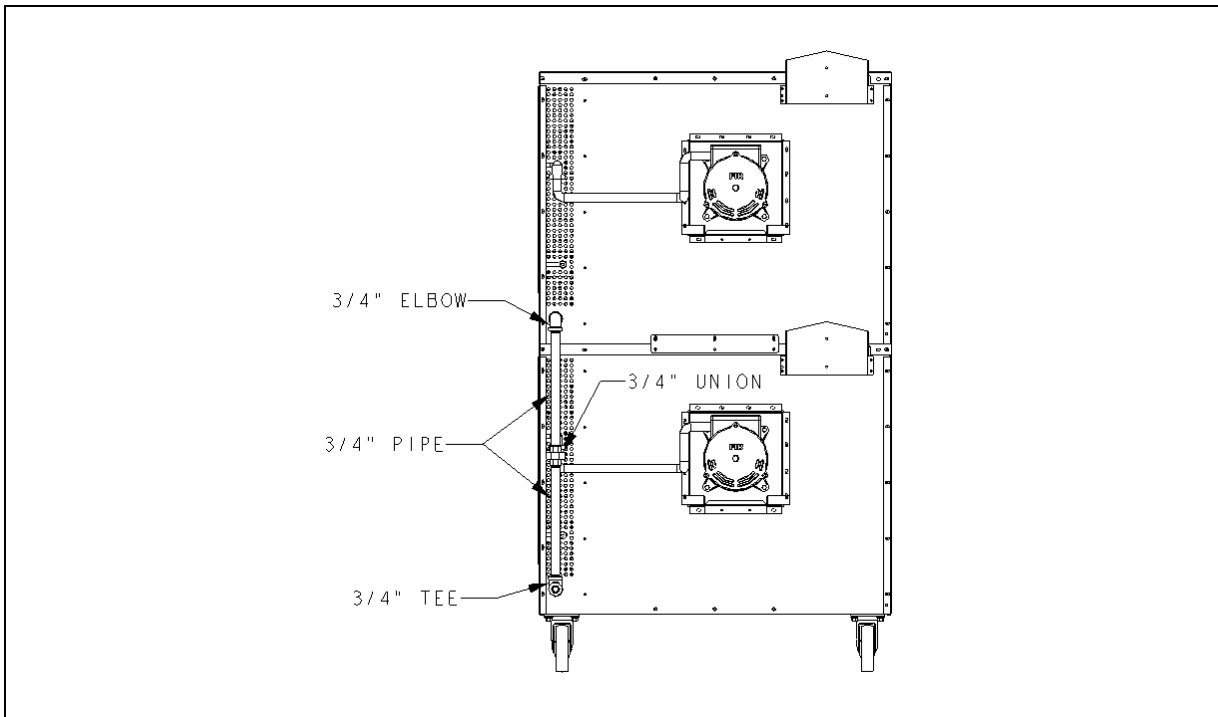


7. Insert two bolts (items "A" in the following diagram) up through the top of the lower oven and screw them into the threaded holes in the bottom of the top oven. Tighten these bolts and the screws that you did not tighten in the previous step.



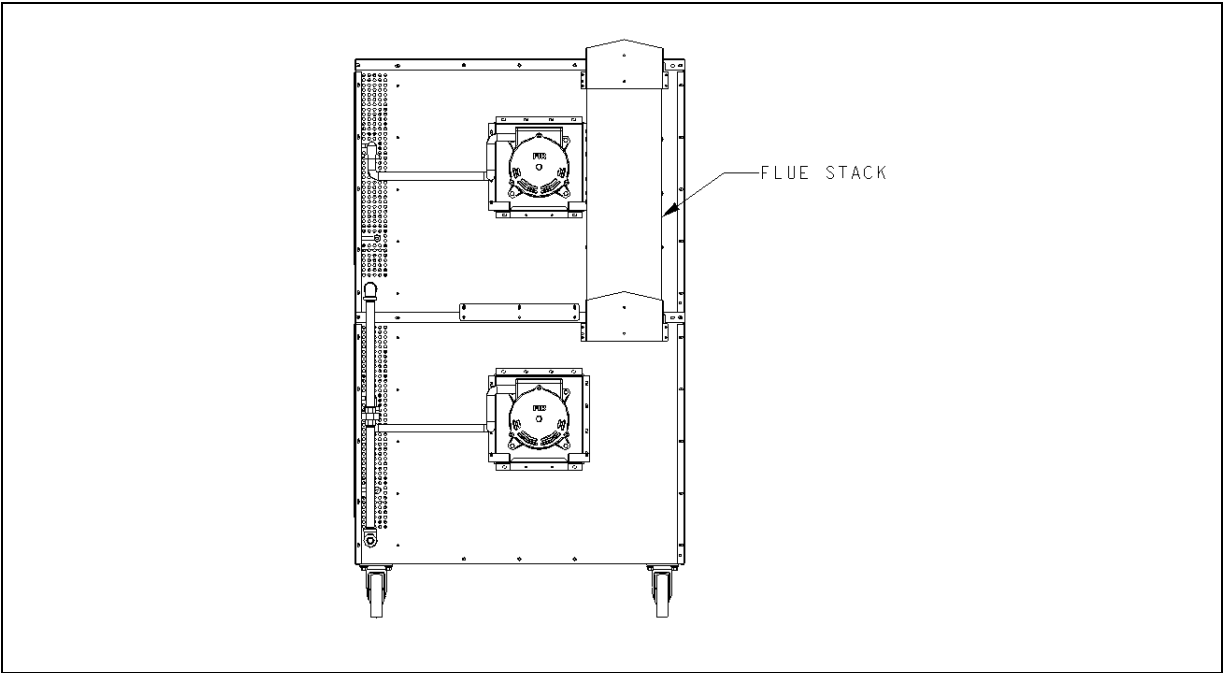
INSTALLATION

8. Assemble the gas piping shown in the following drawing. Be sure to check all connections for leaks once the oven has been installed.





9. Install the flue stack as shown in the following diagram:



10. Replace the right side insulation, exterior panel, and lower front panel that you removed in step 4 of this procedure.



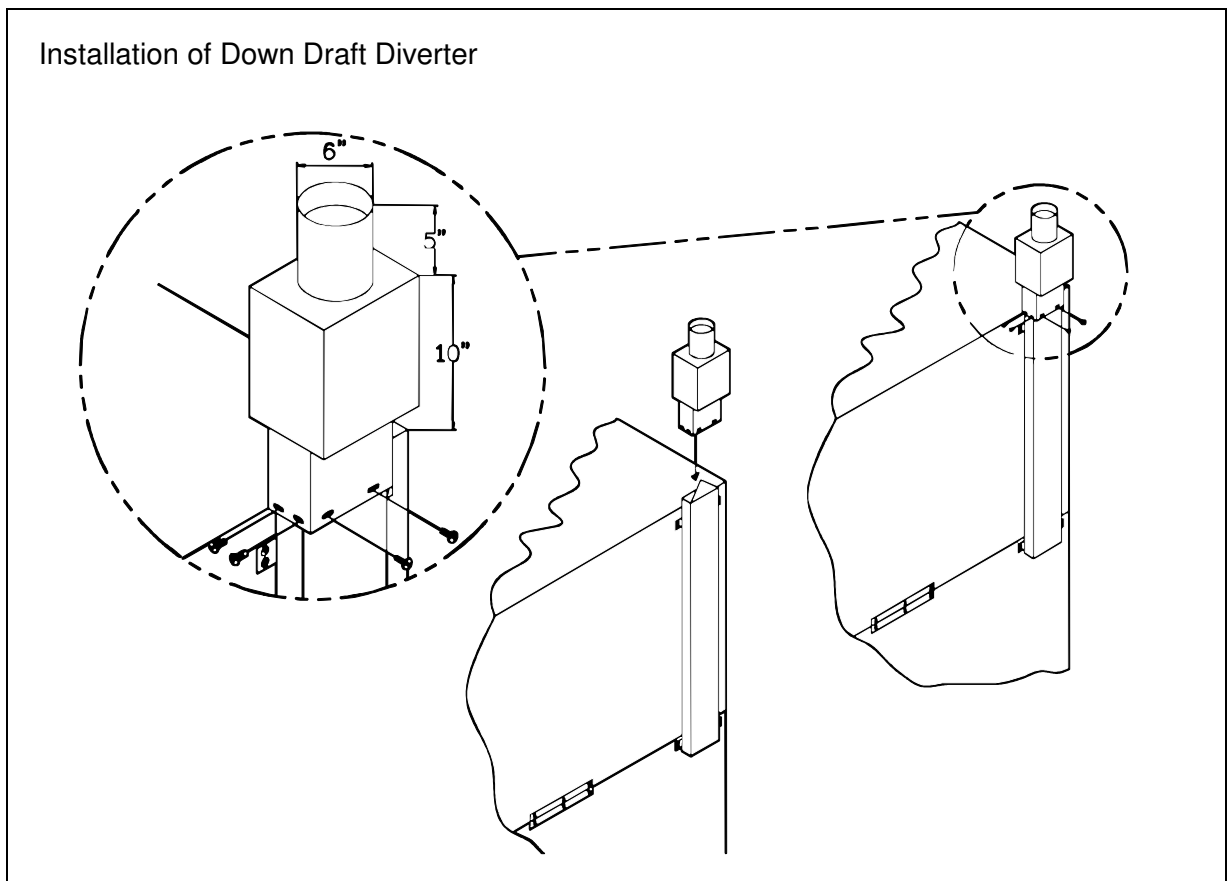
Step 5: Install Down Draft Diverter (if applicable)

NOTICE

Installation must use approved CSA International down draft diverter supplied by Southbend.

If the oven flue is to be connected directly to an external vent, a down draft diverter must be installed. The installation of ventilation pipes through walls and roofs must conform to all local codes. To install the down draft diverter, do the following:

1. Slip the down draft diverter over the top of the flue located at the top left rear corner of the oven (see drawing below). Allow the diverter to slide down as far as it will go.
2. Using a 9/64" or 5/32" drill bit, drill eight holes through the flue box using the pre-drilled holes in the diverter as a guide.
3. Secure the diverter to the flue box using the #10 x 1/2 sheet metal screws shipped with the diverter.



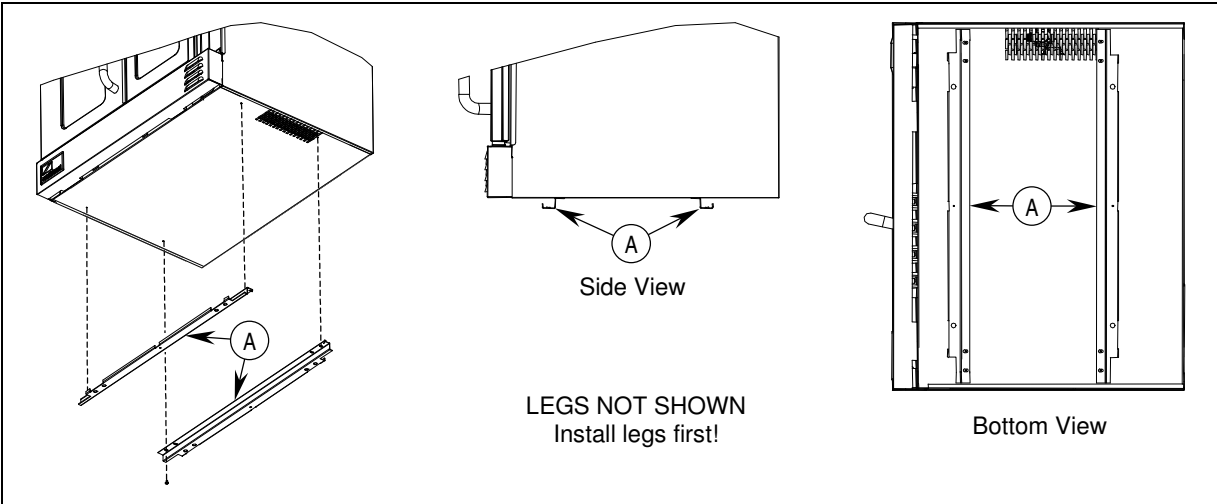


Step 6: Installation of Optional Open Pan Storage on G-Series & SL-Series Ovens

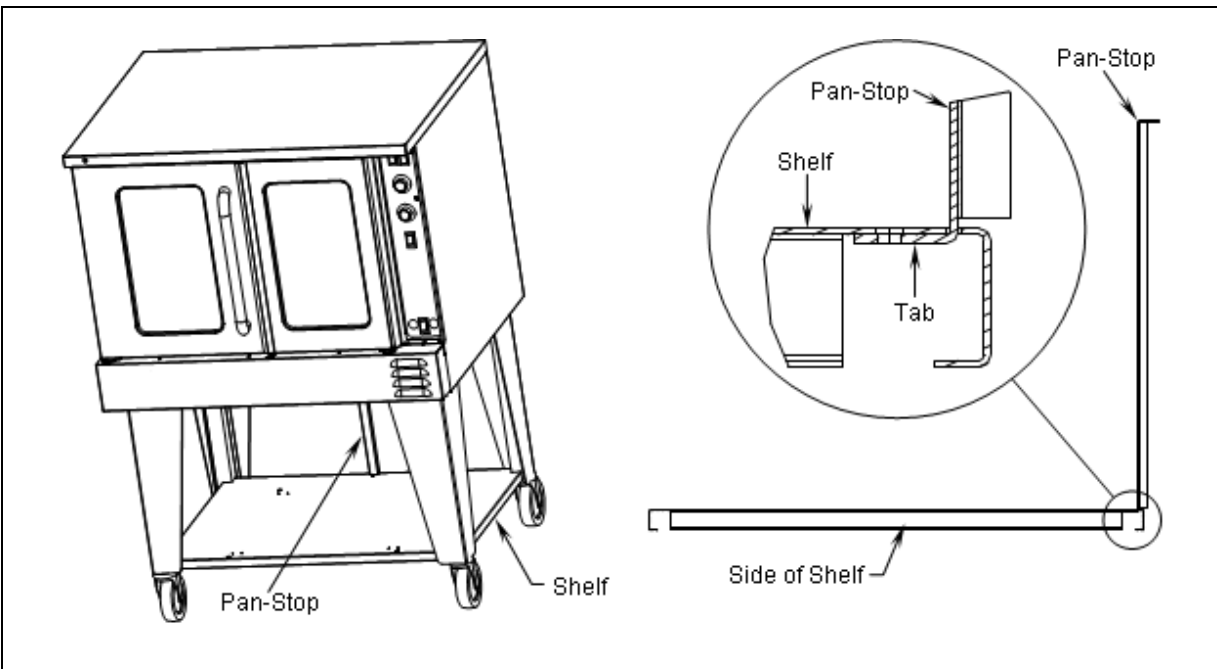
The following describes how to assemble the optional open pan storage for G-Series and SL-Series ovens. All holes are pre-drilled for the provided screws.

1. Attach the legs to the oven as described in installation Step 2a on page 10.
2. Attach the two frame hangers (items "A" in the following drawing). The flanged side of each hanger must be on the side of the hanger closest to the edge of the oven.

INSTALLATION

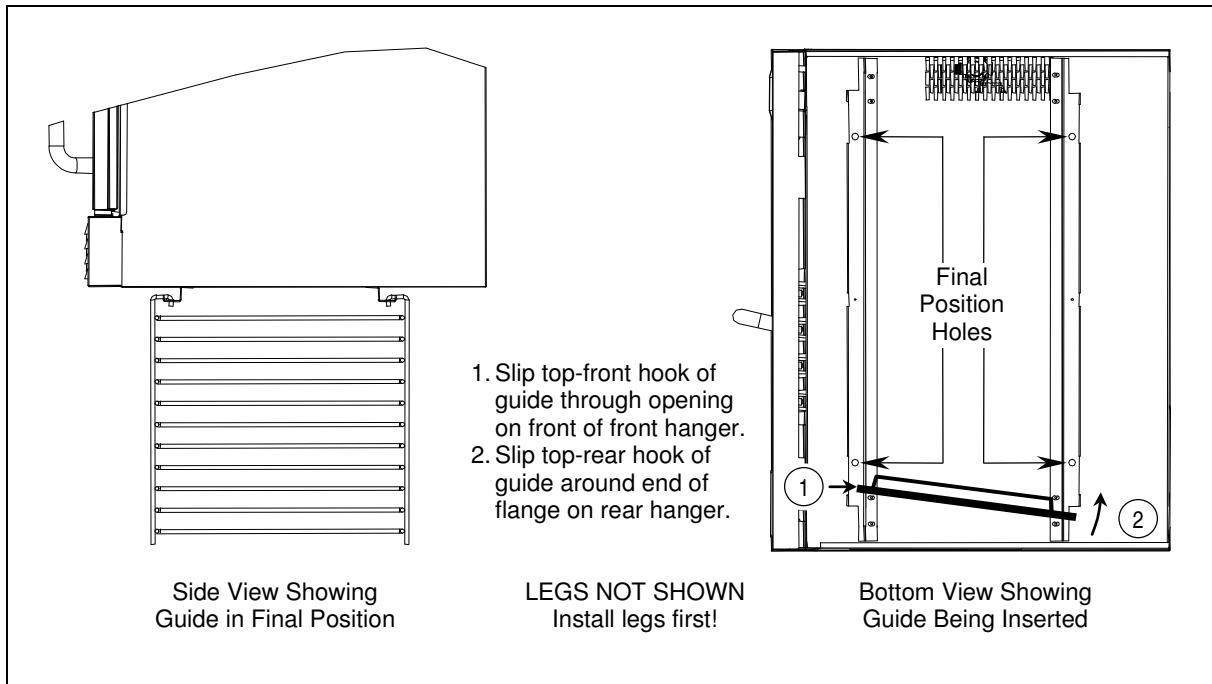


3. Attach the pan-stop to the shelf by first inserting the tab on the bottom of the pan-stop through the slot near the rear of the shelf, then tilting the pan-stop up to a vertical position (as shown in the following drawing). Secure the pan-stop with a screw that passes through a hole in the shelf and into a threaded hole on the tab of the pan-stop (do not fully tighten this screw yet). Position the shelf below the oven (for ovens with casters, rest the shelf on the top of the caster flanges, as shown below).



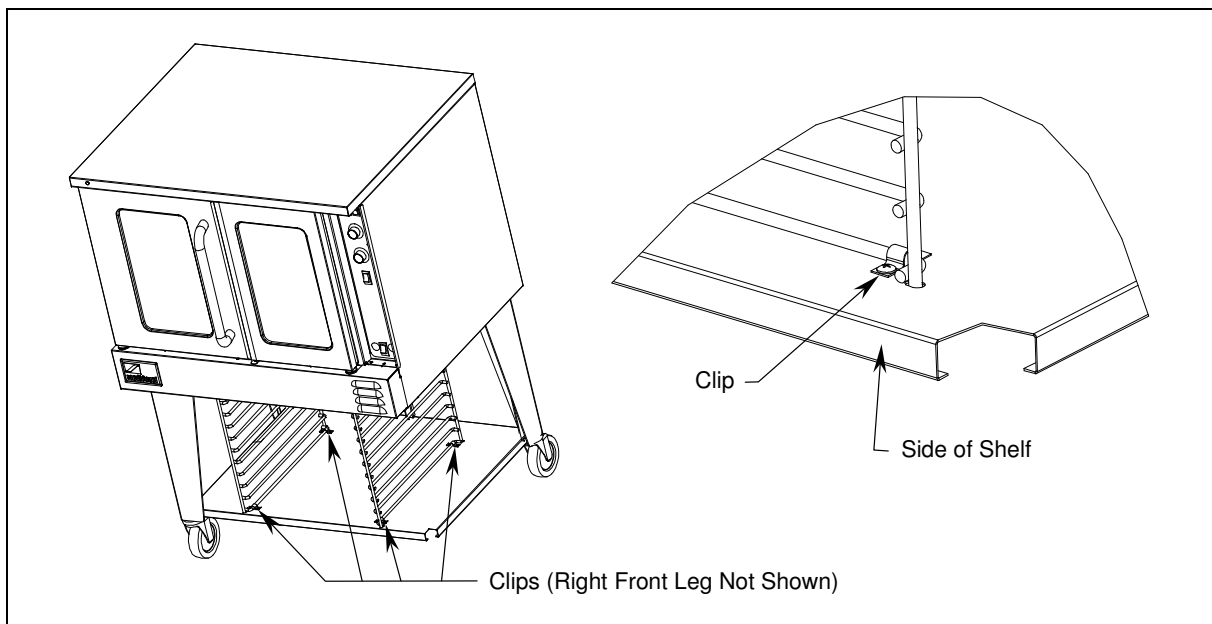


4. Hang the two pan guides from the frame hangers. The guides cannot be inserted from the side of the oven because the legs are in the way. Instead, begin by holding the guide parallel to the side of the oven with the horizontal bars of the guide extending inward (so that the pans can rest on them). Insert the guide from in front of the oven. Slip the top-front hook of the guide through the opening on the front of the front frame hanger near the final-position hole, then slip the top-rear hook of the guide around the end of the flange of the rear frame hanger. Finally, slide the guide toward the center of the oven until the hooks drop through the final-position holes in the frame hangers.



INSTALLATION

5. Lift the shelf upwards until it is in contact with the lowest horizontal bar of the guides (the bottom ends of the guides should extend into matching holes on the shelf). Attach the shelf to the guides using four clips, each of which is attached to the shelf with two screws.



6. Secure the top of the pan-stop to the bottom of the oven with a screw, and tighten the screw holding the pan-stop to the shelf.



Step 7: Connect Electricity Supply



WARNING

ELECTRIC GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

This appliance (120V ovens only) is equipped with a three-prong (grounding) plug for your protection against shock hazard and should be plugged directly into a properly grounded three-prong receptacle. Do not cut or remove the grounding prong from this plug.

NOTICE

This appliance, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the *National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70* or the *Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.2*, as applicable.

Wiring diagrams are located on the side of the control panel assembly, as well as in this manual (beginning on page 40). Be sure that the input voltage and phase match the requirements shown on the serial plate, which is located inside the lower front panel.

Ovens ordered to operate on **120V** power have a three-wire cord. (Double-deck ovens have two power cords, one for each oven.) Each cord has a three-prong plug that fits any standard three-prong grounded receptacle. Single-oven units require a 15 ampere supply, while double-oven units require a 20 ampere supply. (120V ovens shipped to Canada do NOT have factory installed power cords, and must be wired as described below.)

Ovens without a power cord have a terminal block. The electric supply must be brought through the service panel in the rear of the oven and connected to the terminal block. See the wiring diagrams in this manual (beginning on page 40). The unit must be adequately grounded. Use 167°F (75°C) wire for all supply lines.

Ovens are factory-equipped with a two-pole terminal block, located behind a cover plate located on the rear of the oven. To connect the supply wires, remove the cover plate, then route the supply wires and the grounding wire through the strain relief fitting to the terminal block. Insert the supply wires, one each, into the two poles of the terminal block and tighten the screws. Insert the ground wire into the grounding lug and tighten the screw. Re-attach the cover plate.

Three phase units are wired as above, using only two supply wires. The third wire is not used and must be properly terminated.

All units are shipped wired as specified by factory order. Conversion between single-phase and three-phase can be accomplished by referring to phase loading and line amperes chart on wiring diagram for wire size and ampere requirements.



Step 8: Connect Gas Supply

NOTICE

The installation must conform with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1, Natural Gas Installation Code, CAN/CGA-B149.1*, or the *Propane Installation Code CAN/CGA-B149.2*, as applicable, including:

1. The appliance and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psi (3.45 kPa).
2. The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psi (3.45 kPa).

A 3/4" NPT line is provided at the rear for the gas connection.

If this equipment is being installed at over 2,000 feet altitude and that information was not specified when ordered, contact the appropriate authorized Southbend Service Representative or the Southbend Service Department. Failure to install with proper orifice sizing will result in poor performance and may void the warranty.

The serial plate is located inside the front lower panel. It indicates the type of gas the unit is equipped to burn. All Southbend equipment is adjusted at the factory. Check type of gas on serial plate.

These models are design-certified for operation on natural or propane gases. For natural gas, the regulator is set to deliver a 4.5" W.C. pressure to the manifold. For propane gas, it is set to deliver 11" W.C.

This appliance should be connected **ONLY** to the type of gas for which it is equipped. The inlet pressure before the regulator should be 7-10" W.C. for natural gas or 11-14" W.C. for LP gas.

An adequate gas supply is imperative. Undersized or low pressure lines will restrict the volume of gas required for satisfactory performance. Fluctuations of more than 25% on natural gas or 10% on propane gas will create problems and affect burner operating characteristics.

An adequate gas supply line to the unit should be no smaller than the I.D. of the pipe from the unit to which it is connected.

Purge the supply line to clean out dust, dirt, or other foreign matter before connecting the line to the unit.

CAUTION

ALL PIPE JOINTS AND CONNECTIONS MUST BE TESTED THOROUGHLY FOR GAS LEAKS. USE ONLY SOAPY WATER FOR TESTING ON ALL GASES. NEVER USE AN OPEN FLAME TO CHECK FOR GAS LEAKS. ALL CONNECTIONS MUST BE CHECKED FOR LEAKS AFTER THE UNIT HAS BEEN PUT INTO OPERATION. TEST PRESSURE SHOULD NOT EXCEED 1/4" W.C.


Step 9: Check the Installation

1. Check that all screws and bolts are tightened.
2. Move the oven into the position at which it will be operated.
3. Check that the oven is level. If not, adjust the legs.
4. Check that the appropriate clearances are satisfied (see page 8).




OPERATION

OPERATION

 **DANGER**
EXPLOSION HAZARD

In the event a gas odor is detected, shut down equipment at the main shut off valve. Immediately call the emergency phone number of your gas supplier.

 **CAUTION**

To eliminate gas build up which could result in an explosion, in the event of main burner ignition failure a five minute purge period must be observed prior to re-establishing ignition source.

NOTICE

For an appliance equipped with a convection oven, no attempt should be made to operate oven during a power failure.

LIGHTING, RELIGHTING, AND SHUTDOWN INSTRUCTIONS

To light the oven, just switch the power switch at the top left corner of the control panel to the “ON” position. (The oven is equipped with a direct hot surface ignition system. There is no pilot to light.)

If the burners fail to ignite within four seconds, the oven will automatically shut off the gas, wait five minutes to allow the gas that was released to dissipate, and try to light the burners again. If the burners still fail to ignite after three such attempts, the oven will stop trying, even though the power switch is in the “ON” position. To continue to attempt to light the burners, turn the power switch “OFF” and then “ON” again.

To shutdown the oven, switch the power switch to the “OFF” position. For a complete shutdown, also open the control panel and turn the manual shut-off valve to the “OFF” position.

OPERATING THE CONTROLS

A convection oven is a different type of oven that offers many features and advantages to the food service operation. The additional capabilities and features of the oven require some learning. However, the operation of the oven is not difficult to understand or control once you have some practice.

The oven will have one of the four types of control panels:

- Models with **Standard Controls** are the most similar to a standard (non-convection) oven. Instructions for operating this type of oven begin on page 23.
- Models with **Cycle/Cook and Hold Controls** enable you to have the oven automatically enter a “hold mode” after a timed cooking period. Instructions for operating this type of oven begin on page 25.





Control Panel of STANDARD Models

Power Switch

Switch ON to use the oven, switch OFF when done using the oven.

Cook Timer

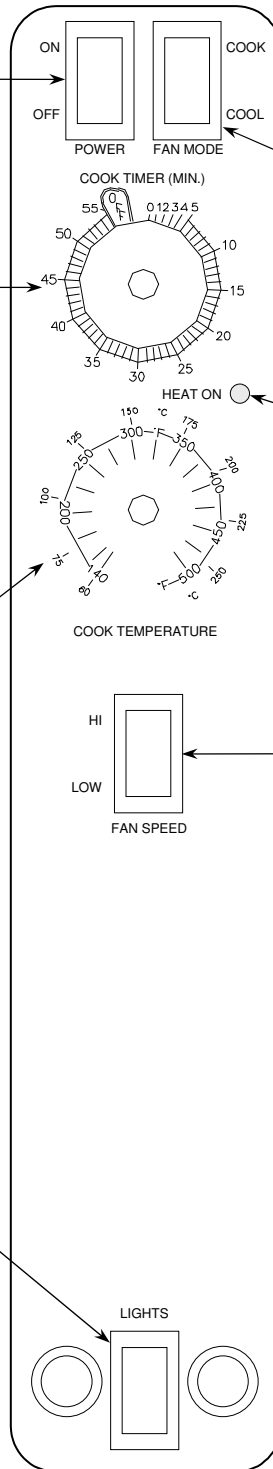
Turn knob to set a time duration. An alarm will sound when the timer runs out. The timer is a reminder to the user; **the timer does not control the oven.**

Cook Temperature Control

Turn knob to select desired cooking temperature. The Heat On indicator will go out when the oven reaches the set temperature, and will cycle on and off as the burners operate to maintain the set cooking temperature.

Oven Interior Light Switch

On ovens equipped with an oven interior light, press to turn on the light. The light remains on for as long as the switch is held.



Fan Mode

In COOK mode, the fan runs continuously except when the doors are open. The fan does NOT cycle with the operation of the burners. In COOL mode, the fan runs continuously even if the doors are open. Since the burners will not operate if the oven doors are open, to rapidly cool the oven after cooking is completed, open the doors and switch the fan mode to COOL.

Heat-On Indicator

Indicator is lit when the burners are operating.

Fan Speed

Use to select fan speed (HI or LOW). The appropriate speed is determined by the type of food being cooked.

OPERATION



Operation of STANDARD Models

Models with Standard Controls operate much like a standard oven: you turn the oven ON and select a cooking temperature. Two additional controls are used to control the fan (as described below).

The timer is a reminder to you of when to remove food from the oven. **The timer does NOT control the temperature of the oven.**

To cook, do the following:

1. Turn the oven ON using the Power Switch at the top of the control panel.
2. Select the desired fan speed using the Fan Speed switch. The appropriate fan speed (HI or LOW) depends on the type of food being cooked.
3. Switch the Fan Mode switch to COOK. The fan will run continuously when the oven doors are closed (the fan does not cycle on and off with the burners). (If this switch is set to COOL the only difference is that the fan will continue to run when the oven doors are open.)
4. Set the cooking temperature by turning the Cook Temperature Control until the indicator mark on the knob is pointed to the desired cooking temperature. The Heat On indicator will light when the burners are on, and will remain on while the oven preheats.
5. Wait until the Heat On indicator has come on and gone out three times. At that time the oven will have reached the set cooking temperature.
6. Open the oven doors, load the product into the oven, and close the doors.
7. You can use the Cook Timer as a reminder of when to remove the load from the oven. If so desired, turn the Cook Timer knob until the indicator mark points to the desired cooking time (up to 55 minutes). The timer knob will rotate counterclockwise as the timer runs down, indicating how much time remains. You can turn the knob while cooking to increase or decrease the remaining time. When the timer runs out, a buzzer will sound for a short time, then turn itself off. (To immediately silence the buzzer, turn the Cook Timer knob to the OFF position.) The timer is a reminder to you; **the timer does not control the oven.**

If you open the oven doors, the burners and fan will shut off until the doors are closed. However, the timer will continue running even if the doors are open.

For ovens that are equipped with an oven interior light, to turn on the light press and hold the switch located at the bottom of the control panel.

8. When the load has finished cooking, you can rapidly cool the load by opening the oven doors (which will shut off the burners) and switching the Fan Mode to COOL (which will cause the fan to run even though the doors are open). For the most rapid cooling, also switch the Fan Speed switch to HI.
9. When you are done cooking, turn the Cook Temperature control to the lowest setting (fully counterclockwise) and switch the Power Switch to OFF.



Control Panel of CYCLE/COOK and HOLD Models

Power Switch

Switch ON to use the oven, switch OFF when done using the oven.

Time Display

Displays time setting. Indicator lights indicate whether the numbers shown represent hours-and-minutes or minutes-and-seconds.

Temperature Display

Displays cook-temperature setting.

Heat-On Indicator

Indicator is lit when the burners are operating.

Hold Mode Indicator

Lights when Hold mode has been enabled.

Hold Mode Button

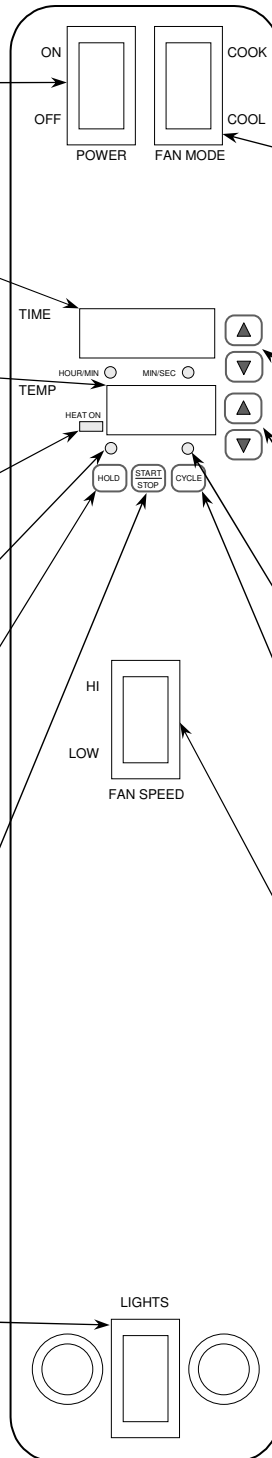
Press to toggle Hold Mode on or off. To set the Hold temperature, press and hold this button while adjusting the temperature.

Cook Start/Stop Button

Press to start a timed cook period whose duration is shown in the TIME window. During a timed cook period, the TIME window displays the remaining time. To stop cooking, press this button again.

Oven Interior Light Switch

On ovens equipped with an oven interior light, press to turn on the light. The light remains on for as long as the switch is held.



Fan Mode

In **COOK** mode, the fan runs except when the doors are open. The fan does NOT cycle with the operation of the burners. In **COOL** mode, the fan runs continuously even if the doors are open. Since the burners will not operate if the oven doors are open, to rapidly cool the oven after cooking is completed, open the doors and switch the fan mode to **COOL**.

Timer Adjustment Buttons

Press the up-arrow button to increase the time setting; press the down-arrow button to decrease the time setting.

Temperature Adjustment Buttons

Press the up-arrow button to increase the temperature setting; press the down-arrow button to decrease the temperature setting.

Fan Cycle Indicator

When on continuously the fan will run continuously. When flashing, fan will cycle on-and-off.

Fan Cycle Button

Press to select whether the fan runs continuously, or cycles on and off.

Fan Speed Switch

Use to select fan speed (**HI** or **LOW**). The appropriate speed is determined by the type of food being cooked.

OPERATION



Operation of CYCLE/COOK and HOLD Models

CYCLE/COOK and HOLD models have electronic controls that enable the oven to cook food at a specified cook-temperature for a specified time period, then enter an optional Hold Mode during which the oven maintains a specified hold-temperature for an indefinite period of time.

Whenever the power switch is on, the oven will be in one of two modes. In **Cook Mode**, the oven maintains the specified cook temperature and the fan runs continuously, unless the Cycle option is enabled, in which case the fan cycles (on for 30 seconds, then off for 30 seconds). In **Hold Mode**, the oven maintains the specified hold-temperature and the fan runs only when the burners are on. (However, whenever the Fan Mode switch is in the COOL position, the fan will run continuously.)

To cook, do the following:

1. Turn the oven ON using the Power Switch at the top of the control panel. The oven will be in Cook Mode, and will begin to heat to the temperature displayed in the temperature display window.
2. Set the desired cook-temperature (from 150°F to 500°F) by pressing the up-arrow and/or down-arrow buttons to the right of the temperature display window. The temperature display will flash while the oven preheats. The Heat On indicator will light when the burners are on. To view the actual oven temperature at any time, press the up-arrow and down-arrow buttons simultaneously.
3. Switch the Fan Mode switch to the COOK position (if it is not already in that position). The fan will run when the oven doors are closed (the fan does not cycle on and off with the burners). (If this switch is set to COOL the only difference is that the fan will continue to run when the oven doors are open.)
4. Select whether you want the fan to cycle during cooking by pressing the Cycle button. If the Cycle indicator light is on continuously, the fan will run continuously. If instead the Cycle indicator light is flashing, the fan will cycle on for 30 seconds and then off for 30 seconds while cooking. Fan cycling is used for delicate products such as meringues and muffins which need to set, and is usually combined with the LOW fan speed (selected in the next step).
5. Select the desired fan speed by pressing the Fan Speed switch. The appropriate fan speed (HI or LOW) depends on the type of food being cooked.
6. Select the desired cooking time by pressing the up-arrow and/or down-arrow buttons to the right of the time display window. Holding down a button will speed-up the rate at which the displayed value changes. Lights under the displayed time indicate if the displayed time is in minutes-and-seconds or in hours-and-minutes. The time setting will not start counting down until you tell the oven to start cooking (in Step 9).
7. If you want the oven to enter a lower-temperature Hold Mode after a timed cook period, press and hold down the Hold button. The temperature display will now show the oven temperature (140°F to 200°F) desired during the hold mode. You can change the desired holding temperature using the up-arrow and down-arrow buttons to the right of the temperature display window (while holding down the Hold button). If you want the oven to enter Hold Mode after the cook time, be sure that the Hold Mode Indicator is lit (if it is not, press and release the Hold button so that it becomes lit). Note that when Hold Mode starts the actual oven temperature will not immediately drop to the holding temperature since it takes time for the oven interior and the load itself to cool.

CAUTION

Care should be exercised in holding products over extended periods of time or at very low holding temperatures, due to possible bacteria growth. A competent authority on food bacteria growth should be consulted if there is doubt regarding safe holding times and temperatures.

8. Wait until the oven has reached cooking temperature (when it does, the temperature display will stop flashing and the oven will “beep” once).
9. Open the oven doors and insert a load into the oven. Close the doors and press the Start/Stop button. The oven will enter Cook Mode and the time display will start to count down the remaining cook time.



If you open the oven doors, the fan and burners will temporarily shut off, and the time display will pause until the oven doors are closed again.

For ovens that are equipped with an oven interior light, to turn on the light press and hold the switch located at the bottom of the control panel.

During the cook time you can start or stop having the fan cycle on-and-off by pressing the Cycle button.

If necessary, you can adjust the remaining cooking time and/or oven temperature using the corresponding up-arrow and down-arrow buttons. You can also disable or enable Hold Mode.

To cancel a timed-cook, press the Start/Stop button.

10. What happens when the cook time runs out depends on whether Hold Mode is enabled.
 - If Hold Mode IS NOT enabled, the oven will start “beeping” and the time display will flash “:00”. Press the Start/Stop button to silence the alarm and the oven will return to Cook Mode. Promptly remove the load from the oven OR open and leave open the oven doors. **If the oven doors are shut, the oven will maintain the set cook temperature even though the timer has run out.** To rapidly cool down the load, open the doors, switch the Fan Mode switch to COOL, and switch the Fan Speed switch to HI.
 - If Hold Mode IS enabled, the oven will beep 3 times to alert you that the cook time has completed. The time display will start counting up to indicate how long the load has been in Hold Mode (up to 99 hours). The temperature display will change to show the holding temperature (set in Step 7) and the burners will remain off while the oven gradually cools to the holding temperature. With the doors closed, the oven will maintain the set holding temperature until you press the Start/Stop button (usually after removing the load). Pressing the Start/Stop button returns the oven to Cook Mode, and the oven will then heat up to the specified cook temperature in anticipation of the next load to be cooked.
11. When you are done cooking, switch the Power Switch to OFF.



COOKING HINTS

In a standard (non-convection) oven, the air is relatively still and an insulating layer of moisture surrounds the cooking food product. In a convection oven, the fan-blown circulating air strips away this insulating layer allowing the heat to penetrate faster for quicker baking and roasting. Hence, in a convection oven cooking procedures and techniques may require some modification for successful results. As a general rule, the cooking time will be shorter and the cooking temperature will be 25°F to 75°F lower than those called for in recipes for a standard oven.

TIME & TEMPERATURE

Time and temperature are important. The “Guide to Times and Temperatures” later in this section is a starting point. The actual best cooking time and temperature will depend on such factors as size of load and mixture of recipe (particularly moisture). Once an appropriate time and temperature has been established for a particular product and load, you will find the result of succeeding loads to be similar.

OVERLOADING

Do NOT overload the oven. The size of the load that can be cooked satisfactorily depends largely on the particular product. As a rule, five racks can be successfully used for shallow cakes, cookies, pies, etc. For deeper cakes (such as angel food), use only three racks because of the size of the pan and the space required for rising. For hamburger patties, fish sticks, cheese sandwiches, etc., a full complement of racks and pans is usually satisfactory.

HELPFUL SUGGESTIONS

Here are some suggestions that will assist in getting the best possible performance from a convection oven:

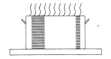
- Pre-heat the oven thoroughly before use.
- When re-thermalizing frozen products, pre-heat the oven to 50°F higher than the planned cooking temperature. After loading, reduce the temperature setting to the appropriate cooking temperature.
- Space the racks and pans as evenly as possible to allow air circulation.
- Center the load on the racks to allow for proper air circulation around the sides. Do not cover the racks completely with pans.
- Do not use a deep pan for shallow cakes or cookies, etc. Air circulation across the surface of the product is essential.

WARNING

THE USE OF ALUMINUM FOIL CAN CAUSE HEAT DISTRIBUTION PROBLEMS IN OVENS. EXTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN PLACING ALUMINUM FOIL IN THE OVEN TO ENSURE THAT IT DOES NOT BLOCK OR CHANGE THE AIR FLOW. THE USE OF ALUMINUM FOIL MAY VOID THE PRODUCT WARRANTY IF ITS USE IS ASCERTAINED TO BE A PROBLEM.

HOLDING FOOD BEFORE SERVING

Any food item prepared in steam table pans can be held until being served by setting the Hold thermostat to 160°F. Examples include stuffed pork chops, oysters Rockefeller, and any vegetable entree.



COOKING PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

If...	then...
Cakes are dark on the sides and not done in the center...	lower oven temperature.
Cake edges are too brown...	reduce number of pans or lower oven temperature.
Cakes have a light outer color...	raise temperature.
Cakes settle slightly in the center...	bake longer or raise oven temperature slightly. Do not open doors except to load or unload product.
Cakes ripple...	do not overload pans or use batter that is too thin.
Cakes are too coarse...	lower oven temperature.
Pies have uneven color...	reduce number of pies per rack or eliminate use of bake pans.
Brown sugar topping or meringue blows off...	after oven is preheated, turn off oven and put product in oven until topping sets, then turn oven back on.
Rolls have uneven color...	reduce number or size of pans.
Meats are browned and not done in center...	lower oven temperature and roast longer.
Meats are well done and not browned...	raise temperature. Limit amount of moisture.
Meats develop hard crust...	reduce temperature or place pan of water in oven.
Excessive meat shrinkage occurs...	lower oven temperature.

GUIDE TO TIMES AND TEMPERATURES

As a guide, set oven temperatures 25°F to 75°F lower than called for in recipes for non-convection ovens, (i.e., range or deck ovens).

Time and temperature will vary depending upon load, mix, size, portion, initial temperature of food, and other factors. Use the following chart as a starting point to develop your own cooking techniques. Rack loading and position may affect results. Experimentation may be necessary to suit individual requirements.

	Cooking Time	Temperature	Number of Racks
Meat and Fish			
Top Round, 18-20 lbs. (medium)	5 hours	275°F	1
Prime Ribs (rare)	4 hours	225°F	1
Burger Patties, 4 oz.	10 min.	350°F	5
Fish Cakes	10-12 min.	375°F	5
Turkey, 10-12 lbs.	3 hr. 20 min.	225°F	1



	Cooking Time	Temperature	Number of Racks
Baked Goods			
Bread, 2 lb. loaf	35 min.	375°F	3
Biscuits	5-10 min.	400°F	5
Cornbread	18 min.	400°F	5
French Bread	10 min.	375°F	5
Sheet Cake	18-20 min.	300°F	5
Cream Puffs	20 min.	375°F	5
Brown & Serve Rolls	6 min.	400°F	5
Ginger Bread	18 min.	300°F	5
Yeast Rolls, sheet pan	16-18 min.	325°F	5
Pineapple Upside Down Cake	25-30 min.	325°F	5
Apple Turnovers	15-18 min.	350°F	5
Fruit Cobbler	22-25 min.	375°F	5
Brownies	15 min.	350°F	5
Danish Pastry	12 min.	325°F	5
Pie Shells	12 min.	350°F	5
Fresh Fruit Pies	25-30 min.	350°F	5
Pumpkin Pies	25-30 min.	275°F	5
Fresh Apple Pies	35 min.	375°F	5
Frozen Berry Pies	40 min.	375°F	5
Frozen Fruit Pies	45 min.	375°F	5
Potatoes			
Baked Potatoes, 10 oz.	50-55 min.	450°F	5
Baked Potatoes, 6-8 oz.	40-45 min.	450°F	5
Scalloped Potatoes	35 min.	325°F	5
Miscellaneous			
Macaroni and Cheese	30 min.	350°F	5
Stuffed Peppers	18 min.	350°F	5
Toasted Cheese Sandwiches	8 min.	375°F	5



CLEANING

Southbend equipment is sturdily constructed of the best materials and is designed to provide durable service when treated with ordinary care. To expect the best performance, your equipment must be maintained in good condition and cleaned daily. Naturally, the periods for this care and cleaning depend on the amount and degree of usage.

Following daily and periodic maintenance procedures will enhance long life for your equipment. Climatic conditions (such as salt air) may require more thorough and frequent cleaning or the life of the equipment could be adversely affected.

The oven interior is finished with a porcelain enamel coating. "Spillovers" should be cleaned from the interior bottom surface as soon as possible to prevent carbonizing and a burnt-on condition. Grease or any residue should be cleaned from interior surfaces as soon as it accumulates.

WARNING

FOR YOUR SAFETY, DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY TO THE APPLIANCE BEFORE CLEANING.

WHEN CLEANING THE BLOWER WHEEL, BE SURE TO HAVE THE POWER SWITCH IN THE "OFF" POSITION.

DAILY CLEANING

1. Turn the power switch to OFF and allow the oven to cool.
2. Remove the oven-interior racks and rack slide frames. (The rack slide frames are readily removable by merely raising to disengage them from their sockets.) Wash the racks and rack slides in a sink with mild detergent and warm water. Dry them thoroughly with a clean cloth.
3. Look to see if any foreign matter has accumulated on the blades of the blower wheel (which will reduce air circulation). If necessary, remove the rear lining of the oven, which is secured by thumbscrews near each corner. Use a stiff brush to remove accumulations from the blower blades, then wash with soap and water.
4. Wash the interior surfaces with mild detergent and warm water. Rinse with clean water, and dry thoroughly with a clean cloth. For stubborn accumulations, a commercial oven cleaner may be used.
5. Clean the control panel with warm water and mild soap. Never use cleaning solvents with a hydrocarbon base.
6. Wipe the other exterior surfaces with a clean damp cloth. If the exterior surfaces require more thorough cleaning, see "Cleaning Stainless Steel Surfaces" on the next page.
7. Return the rack slides and racks to their appropriate locations inside the oven.
8. LEAVE THE DOOR OPEN AT NIGHT AFTER CLEANING. This allows the oven to dry thoroughly after cleaning and also prolongs the life of the door gasket.

MONTHLY CLEANING

Clean around rear of motor (where the vent screen is located), louvered panels, and primary air holes in the rear of the oven where grease or lint may have accumulated.



SEMI-ANNUAL CLEANING

At least twice a year have your Southbend Authorized Service Agency or another qualified service technician clean and adjust the unit for maximum performance.

At least twice a year the oven's venting system should be examined and cleaned.

CLEANING STAINLESS STEEL SURFACES

To remove normal dirt, grease and product residue from stainless steel that operates at LOW temperature, use ordinary soap and water (with or without detergent) applied with a sponge or cloth. Dry thoroughly with a clean cloth.

To remove grease and food splatter, or condensed vapors, that have BAKED on the equipment, apply cleanser to a damp cloth or sponge and rub cleanser on the metal in the direction of the polishing lines on the metal. Rubbing cleanser, as gently as possible, in the direction of the polished lines will not mar the finish of the stainless steel. NEVER RUB WITH A CIRCULAR MOTION. Soil and burnt deposits which do not respond to the above procedure can usually be removed by rubbing the surface with SCOTCH-BRITE scouring pads or STAINLESS scouring pads. DO NOT USE ORDINARY STEEL WOOL, as any particles left on the surface will rust and further spoil the appearance of the finish. NEVER USE A WIRE BRUSH, STEEL SCOURING PADS (EXCEPT STAINLESS), SCRAPER, FILE OR OTHER STEEL TOOLS. Surfaces which are marred collect dirt more rapidly and become more difficult to clean. Marring also increases the possibility of corrosive attack. Refinishing may then be required.

To remove heat tint – Darkened areas sometimes appear on stainless steel surfaces where the area has been subjected to excessive heat. These darkened areas are caused by thickening of the protective surface of the stainless steel and are not harmful. Heat tint can normally be removed by the foregoing, but tint which does not respond to this procedure calls for a vigorous scouring in the direction of the polish lines, using SCOTCH-BRITE scouring pads or a STAINLESS scouring pad in combination with a powered cleanser. Heat tint action may be lessened by not applying, or by reducing heat to equipment during slack periods.



ADJUSTMENTS

WARNING

ADJUSTMENTS AND SERVICE WORK MAY BE PERFORMED ONLY BY A QUALIFIED TECHNICIAN WHO IS EXPERIENCED IN, AND KNOWLEDGEABLE WITH, THE OPERATION OF COMMERCIAL COOKING EQUIPMENT. HOWEVER, TO ASSURE YOUR CONFIDENCE, CONTACT YOUR AUTHORIZED SERVICE AGENCY FOR RELIABLE SERVICE, DEPENDABLE ADVICE OR OTHER ASSISTANCE, AND FOR GENUINE FACTORY PARTS.

NOTICE

Warranty will be void and the manufacturer is relieved of all liability if service work is performed by other than a qualified technician, or if other than genuine Southbend replacement parts are installed.

LUBRICATION

The door chains and sprockets have been lubricated at the factory with high temperature "Never Seeze" lubricant. After each six months of usage, lubricate the door chains and sprockets with the same type of lubricant.

Motor lubrication information can be found on permanent label located on motor.

Casters are provided with a Zerk fitting for proper lubrication when required.

ADJUSTING GAS PRESSURE REGULATOR

The pressure regulator is factory set at 4.5" W.C. for natural gas and 11" W.C. for propane gas. To check the manifold pressure:

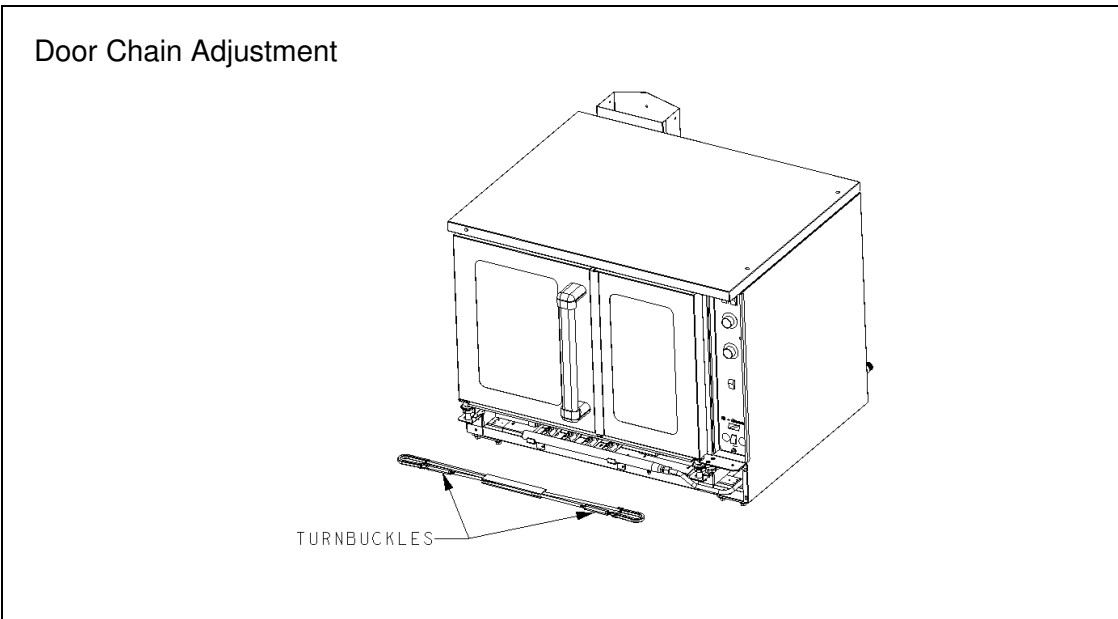
1. Turn all thermostats and burner valves to "OFF" position.
2. Turn main gas valve to entire unit off.
3. Remove valve panels and locate 1/8" plug in manifold.
4. Remove plug and install a fitting appropriate to connect a manometer.
5. Turn on main gas to unit and light pilots.
6. Turn all burners and ovens to full "ON" position and read manometer.
7. If manometer does not read 4.5" W.C. for natural gas, or 11" W.C. for propane gas, adjust regulator (if gas pressure is O.K. go to Step 10).
8. Remove cap from top of regulator.
9. With a screwdriver rotate regulator adjustment screw clockwise to increase, or counterclockwise to decrease, pressure until manometer shows correct reading.
10. Repeat steps 1 and 2.
11. Remove manometer fitting and replace plug in manifold.
12. Repeat step 5.
13. Replace valve panels.



ADJUSTING DOOR CHAIN MECHANISM

The door chain mechanism causes the left and right doors to open and close together. To adjust the door chain mechanism, do the following:

1. Remove lower front panel that covers the door chain mechanism (shown below).
2. Close both doors.
3. Check the positioning of the chain on the sprockets. There should be five regular links and one master link visible on the front side of each chain. If not, open the turnbuckles and reposition the chain over the sprockets.
4. Adjust the turnbuckles so that the right door closes about 1/4" to 1/2" inch ahead of the left door. The left door should be pushed tight over the friction catch so both doors are completely closed against the frame.
5. Secure the turnbuckles by tightening their locknuts.



ADJUSTMENTS

TEMPERATURE CONTROLLER (Standard-Control Models Only)

The calibration of the temperature controller should not be changed until sufficient experience with cooking results has definitely proved that the temperature controller is not maintaining proper oven temperatures. Before any recalibration is attempted, the oven temperature should be checked by the following procedure:

1. Remove all trays and pans from the oven.
2. Place a thermocouple or a reliable mercury oven-type thermometer at the center of the middle rack.
3. Turn the oven ON and set the temperature control knob to 400°F.
4. The amber "heat on" light will go out when the oven temperature is reached.
5. Allow three cycles for the temperature to stabilize.
6. Read the thermocouple or thermometer immediately after the light goes out for the third time, and again immediately after it comes on the next time.
7. If the average of these readings varies by more than 10°F from the dial setting, recalibrate by the following procedure. **Recalibration should be attempted only by a competent service technician.**

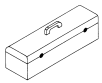


Use the following procedure to recalibrate the oven:

1. Loosen the two set screws that secure the temperature-control knob to the temperature-control shaft.
2. Remove the knob from the shaft, being careful not to rotate the knob or shaft.
3. Replace the knob on the shaft so that the indicator mark on the knob points directly at the temperature that was measured at the center of the oven.
4. Re-check the oven calibration.

FAHRENHEIT OR CELSIUS DISPLAY (Cycle/Cook & Hold Models Only)

Ovens with Cycle/Cook & Hold controls can be configured to display temperatures using the Fahrenheit or the Celsius scales. To change the choice, change the position of the blue jumper "J3" on the rear of the control panel circuit board.



TROUBLESHOOTING

WARNING

ADJUSTMENTS AND SERVICE WORK MAY BE PERFORMED ONLY BY A QUALIFIED TECHNICIAN WHO IS EXPERIENCED IN, AND KNOWLEDGEABLE WITH, THE OPERATION OF COMMERCIAL COOKING EQUIPMENT. HOWEVER, TO ASSURE YOUR CONFIDENCE, CONTACT YOUR AUTHORIZED SERVICE AGENCY FOR RELIABLE SERVICE, DEPENDABLE ADVICE OR OTHER ASSISTANCE, AND FOR GENUINE FACTORY PARTS.

NOTICE

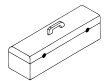
Warranty will be void and the manufacturer is relieved of all liability if service work is performed by other than a qualified technician, or if other than genuine Southbend replacement parts are installed.

In case of problems in operation at initial installation, check type of gas and manifold pressure and compare with information listed on the serial plate. The serial plate is located inside the lower front panel.

PERFORMANCE STANDARD

The typical time for the oven to heat from 75°F to 350°F is 5 to 6 minutes for ovens using natural gas, and 7 to 8 minutes for ovens using propane.

The burners should come on when the actual oven temperature drops to 10°F below the temperature setting.

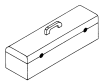


TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

The left column of the following table lists symptoms that indicate a problem, while the center and right columns list the possible causes and appropriate corrective action. Note that the recommendations of this table assume that the wiring connections are good. When checking a component, always check the wiring attached to the component as well.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Check or Replace
Oven will not hold correct temperature.	Temperature probe not working.	Resistance across temperature probe leads at room temperature (70°F) should be approximately 1096 ohms.
	Temperature control not calling for heat.	When heat is required, there should be continuity between terminals 6 and 7 on temperature control.
	Undersized gas supply line	Oven requires 3/4" ID gas line.
	Low gas pressure.	Oven requires 7" manifold water column pressure for natural gas, 11" for propane.
	Inadequate or improper ventilation.	Check ventilation hood. Verify draw and make up air adjustment.
	Out of calibration.	Calibrate according to procedure described on page 34.
Hot surface ignitor glows red but burners do not come on when thermostat calls for heat (cooking light is on).	No power to gas valve.	Check for 24V from ignition box to gas valve.
	Faulty main gas solenoid.	Replace gas valve.
	Faulty ignition module.	Replace ignition module.
	Manual shutoff valve closed.	Open all shut-off valve.
	Manual valve on gas valve turned off.	Open manual valve on gas valve.
	Hot surface ignitor not in front of rear end of burner.	Re-position hot surface ignitor to be in front of rear end of burner.
Hot surface ignitor does not glow red.	No power to ignitor.	Check that voltage from ignitor module to ignitor is 24V. Ignitor draws approximately 3.35 amps at start as it heats up resistance goes down. Gas valve opens approximately 1.8 amps.
	Ignitor broken or cracked.	Should read continuity between leads on ignitor.
	No power or ignition module.	Should be 24V from transformer to ignition module.
	Check power to transformer.	Should be voltage stamped on serial plate. Check between 3 and 6 on terminal strip.
	Check blower motor. Motor should turn when power switch is turned on and temperature control calls for heat.	Motor has centrifugal switch. Motor must be turning before ignition circuit is energized. Power for motors come through contactors. Check contactors (one for high speed, one for low speed).
	Temperature control does not call for heat.	Must read continuity between 6 and 7 on temperature control when calling for heat.
	No power out of power switch.	Check that unit power cord is plugged into power supply. Check switch for continuity when switch is closed.
	First burner next to ignitor lights, but flame will not carry across to other burners.	Burners not aligned.
Burner and orifice out of alignment.		Orifice must inject gas down center of burner.
Gas pressure too low.		Oven requires 7" manifold water column pressure for natural gas, 11" for propane.
Burner orifices clogged.		Make sure burner orifices are clear.

Table continues on next page.



TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (continued)

Symptom	Possible Cause	Check or Replace
Burners light but go out within a few seconds. (Ignitor will glow approximately 4 seconds. If burner does not ignite, ignition module will try 3 times and then lock out.)	Bad flame switch.	Check in series on micro amps. Minimum is 0.75 amps, no maximum.
	Bad gas valve.	Check gas valve. Should be 24 volts from ignition module on wires 46 and 47.
Blower motor will not come on.	No incoming electric power.	Check incoming power.
	Loose wire connections.	Check wire connections.
	Bad contactors.	Contactors pull in and supply power to motor. Verify contactor pulling in.
	Motor bad.	If power is being supplied but motor will not turn, replace motor.
	Shut down switch.	All power except for motor supply come through shut down switch. Check for continuity.

BLOWER WHEEL REPLACEMENT

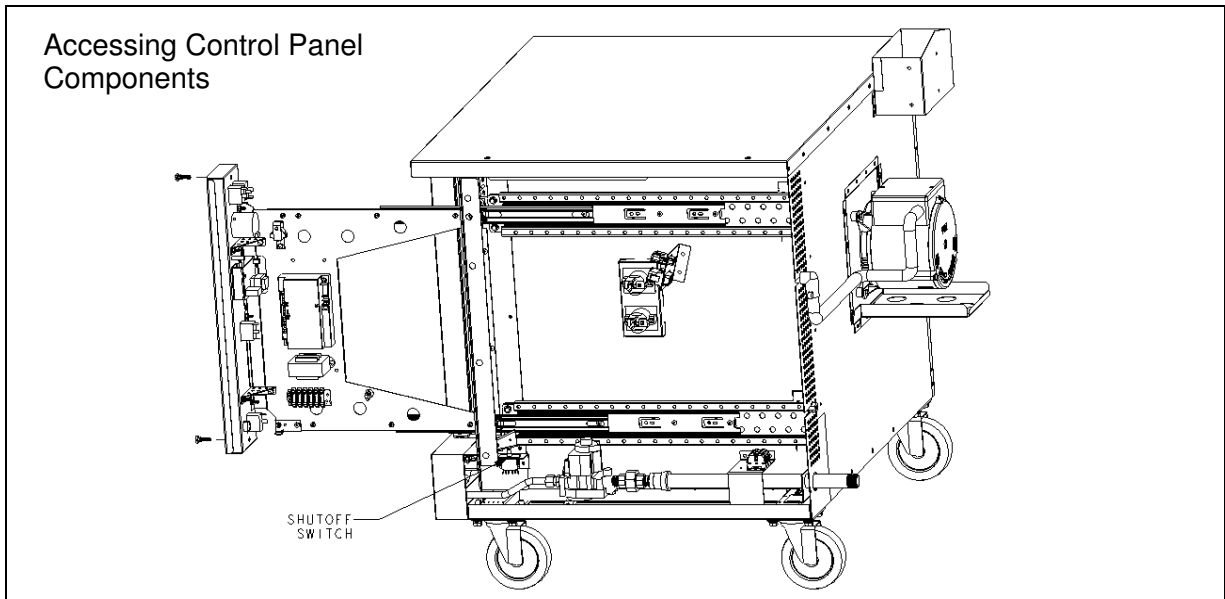
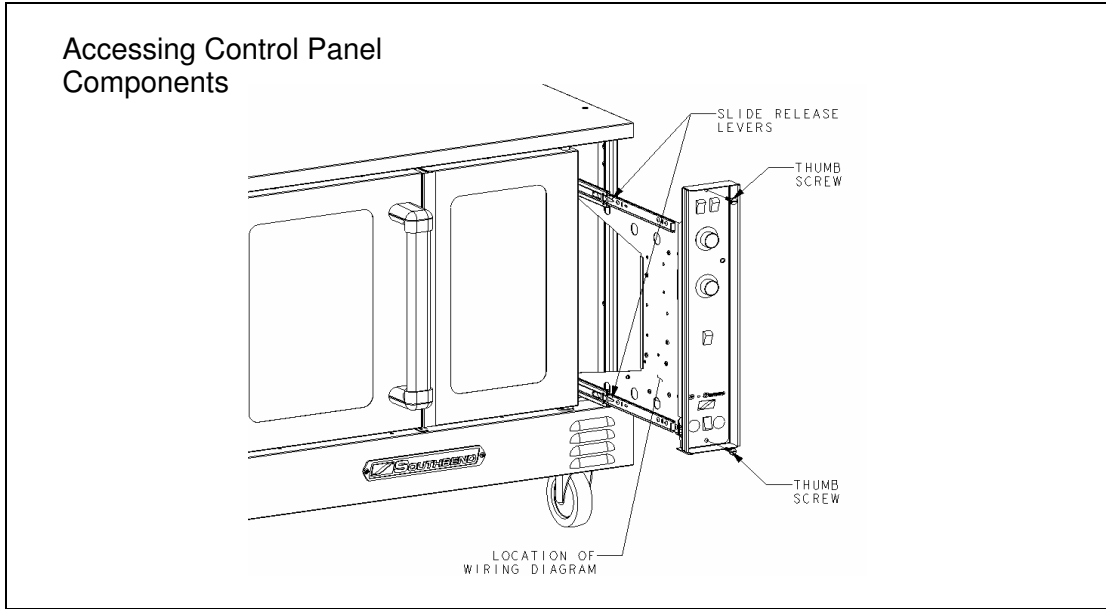
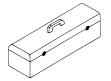
To replace the blower wheel, do the following:

1. Remove racks and rack guides.
2. Remove rear air baffle in front of blower wheel.
3. Loosen the two square heads on blower wheel hub.
4. Pull blower wheel from motor shaft. If blower wheel is difficult to pull off, use puller disk (available from Southbend Technical Service Department as part number 1179100).

CONTROL PANEL ACCESS AND SHUT-OFF SWITCH

To access the control panel components, remove the two thumbs screws at the top and bottom of the control panel and slide the control panel out (see 1ST picture on next page). A wiring diagram for the oven is located on the side of the control panel assembly. **When the control panel is slid out, all power to the control panel is cut off by a shut down switch that is located directly inside the opening and below the control panel** (see 2ND picture on next page). To re-energize the controls for troubleshooting, pull the plunger on the shut down switch up.

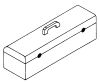
To fully remove Control Panel, disconnect temp probe wires and harness connectors prior to pulling up on slide release levers and removing.



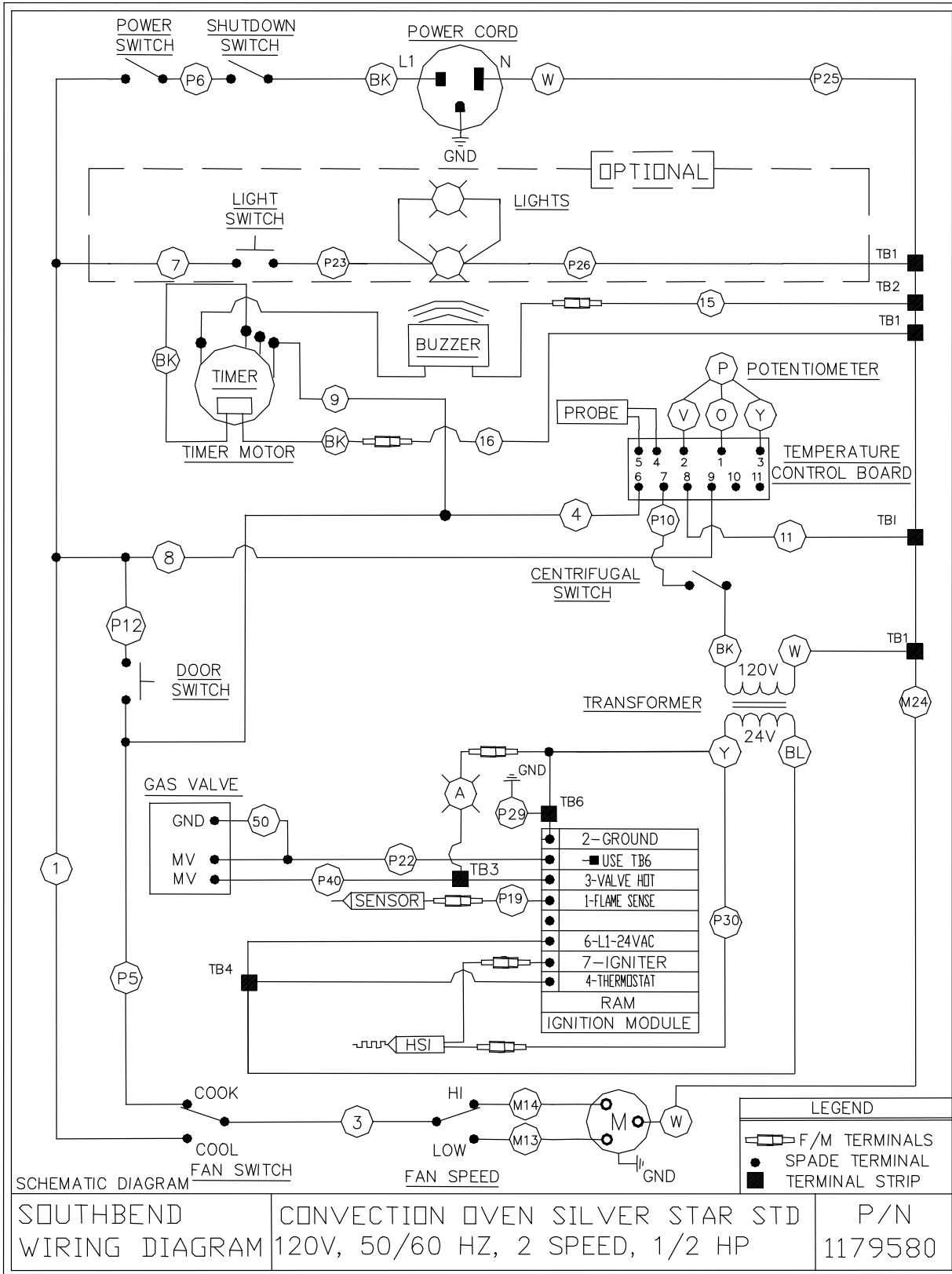
WIRING DIAGRAMS

A wiring diagram is located on the side of the control panel assembly. Wiring diagrams also appear on the following pages of this manual. Which wiring diagram is appropriate depends on the voltage and type of controls.

Index of Wiring Diagrams	
Page Number	Voltage and Type of Controls
40	120 Volt Models with Standard Controls
41	208-240 Volt Models with Standard Controls
42	120 Volt Models with Cycle/Cook & Hold Controls
43	208-240 Volt Models with Cycle/Cook & Hold Controls

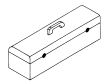


Wiring Diagram for 120 Volt Models with Standard Controls

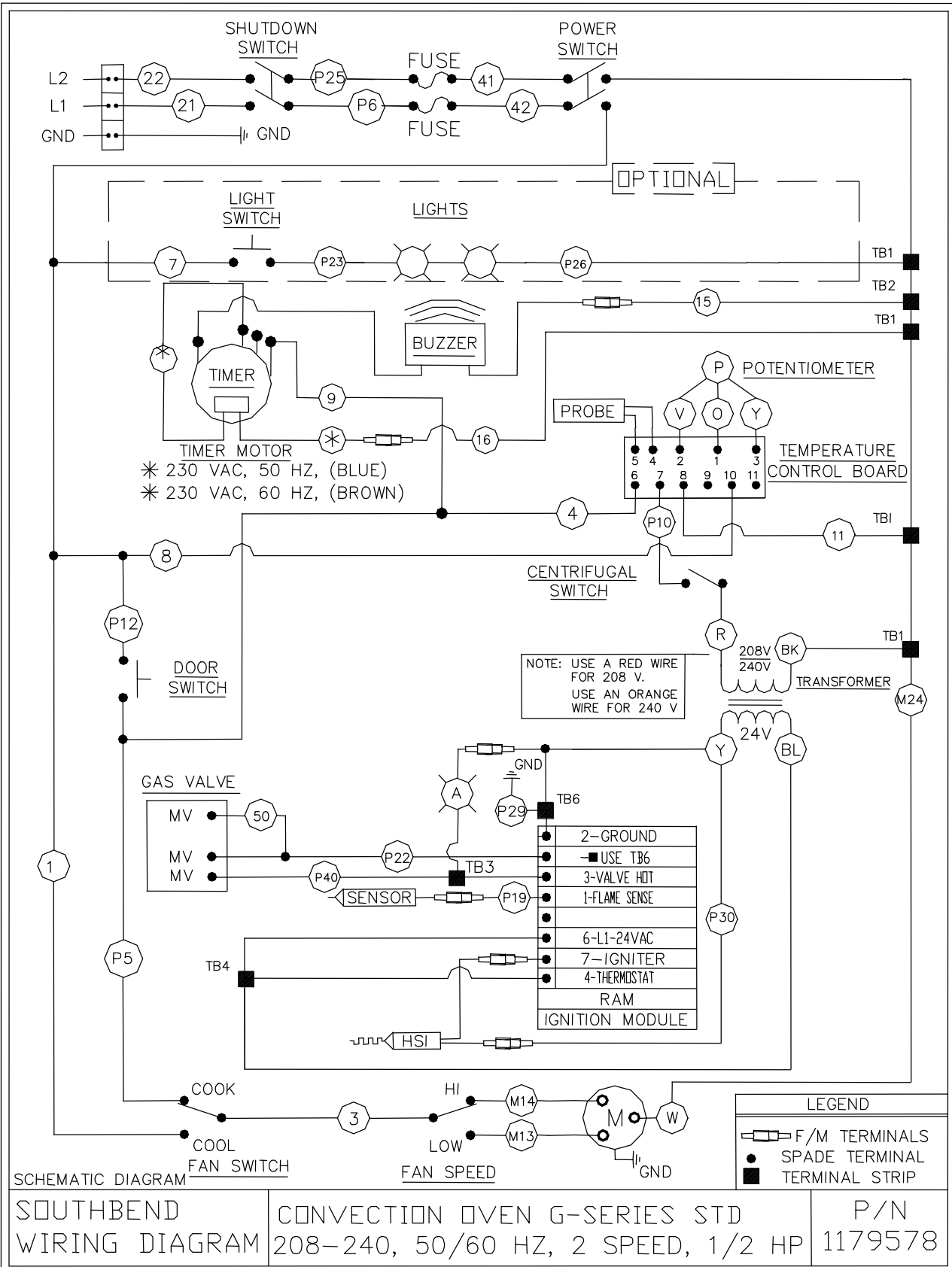


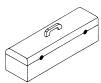
TROUBLESHOOTING



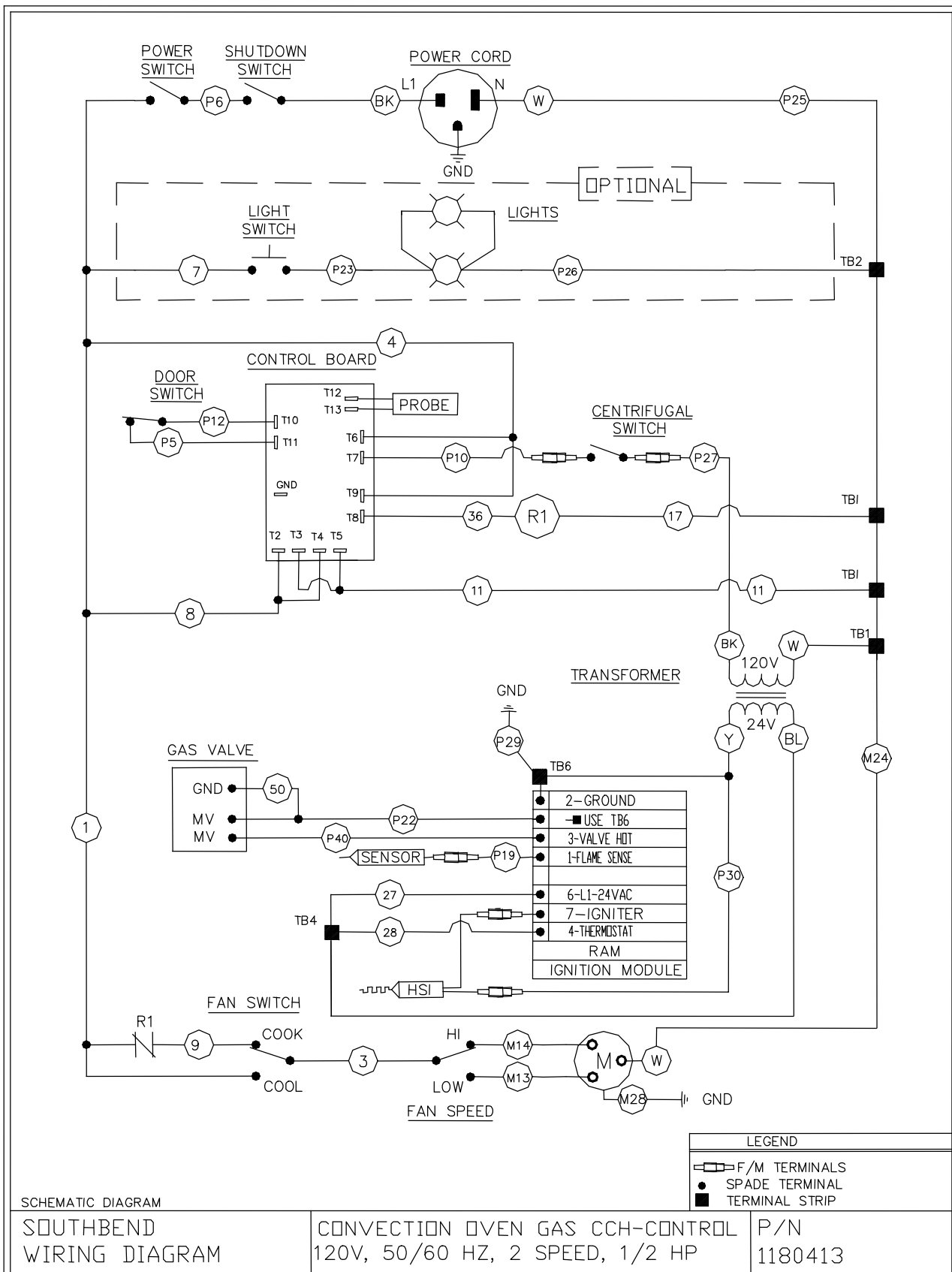


Wiring Diagram for 208-240 Volt Models with Standard Controls



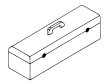


Wiring Diagram for 120 Volt Models with Cycle/Cook and Hold Controls

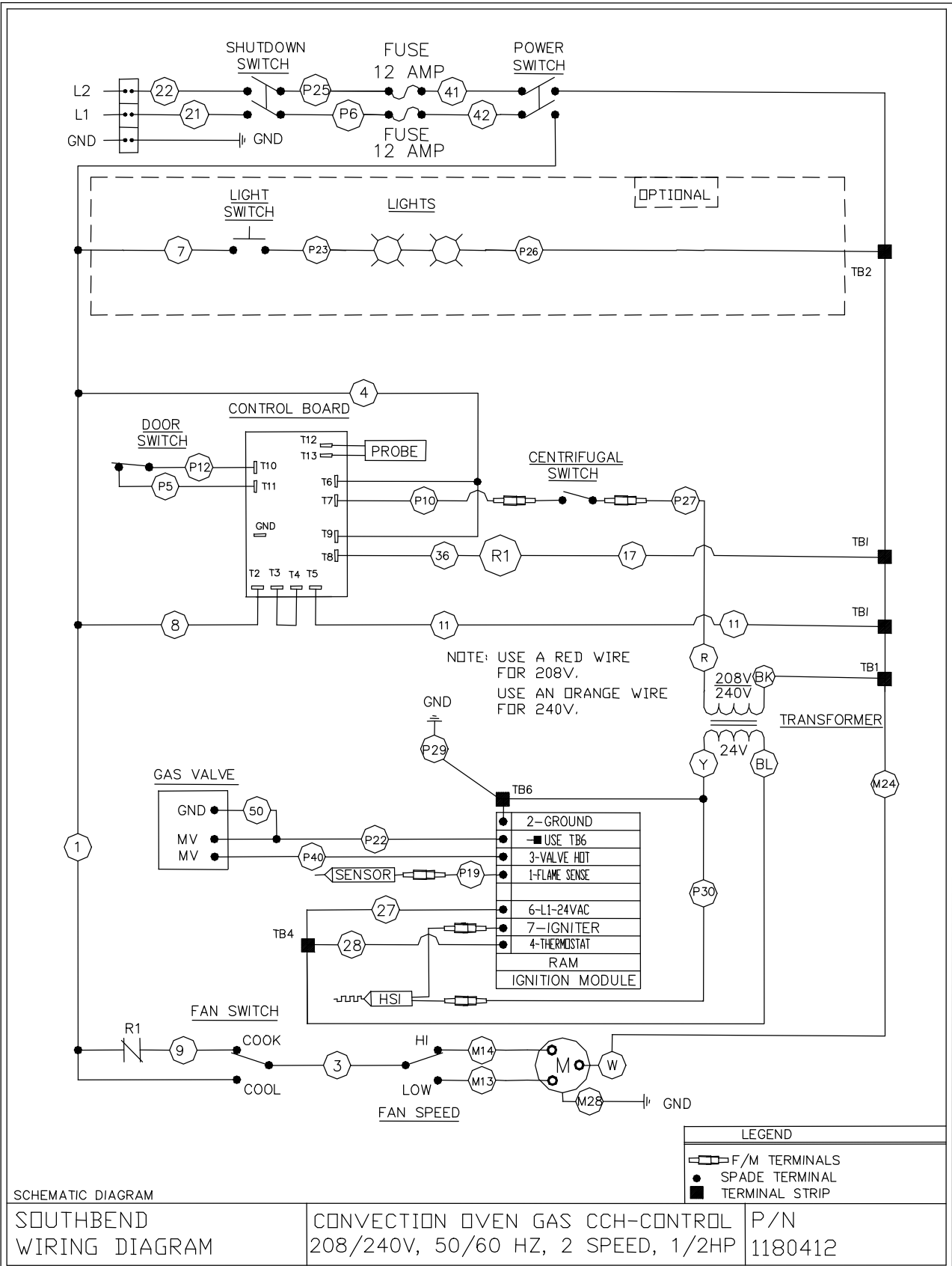


TROUBLESHOOTING





Wiring Diagram for 208-240 Volt Models with Cycle/Cook and Hold Control



Notes:

GAS CONVECTION OVENS

Notes:

G, SL & B-SERIES GAS CONVECTION OVENS



Commercial Food Equipment Service Association



A product with the Southbend name incorporates the best in durability and low maintenance. We all recognize, however, that replacement parts and occasional professional service may be necessary to extend the useful life of this unit. When service is needed, contact a Southbend Authorized Service Agency, or your dealer. To avoid confusion, always refer to the model number, serial number, and type of your unit.



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